McKEAN COUNTY MINER.

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Official Directory.

STATE.

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[illegible] L. A. Watres.
[illegible] Samuel M. Jackson.
[illegible] David McM. Gregg.
[illegible] Affairs—Thos. J. Stewart.

DISTRICT AND COUNTY.

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SCHOOLS.

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[illegible] Fort. [illegible] Burlingame.
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[illegible] D. C. Young, Wm. Kamer.
[illegible] Brownell.
[illegible] Election—J. C. Backus.
[illegible] of Election—A. F. Walker, J. [illegible]

[illegible] of Court—Fourth Monday in [illegible] First Monday in June and October, [illegible] Monday in December.

Lodge Directory.

[illegible] A. A. M.—McKean Lodge, No. 388, meets in the second and fourth Wednesday of each month, at 7½ o'clock, at Masonic Hall, Main street. GEO. E. BROWNELL, W. M. [illegible], Sec'y.

[illegible] Smethport Lodge, No. 389, meets [illegible] at 8 o'clock in I. O. O. F. Hall. [illegible] first story degree 1st meeting of [illegible] second degree on second, 3d degree on [illegible] third degree on fourth meetings. C. A. BURDICK, N. G. [illegible], Sec'y.

[illegible] Smethport Encampment No. 273 [illegible] First and Third Wednesdays of each [illegible] I. O. O. F. Hall. L. B. GARITY, Chief Patriarch. [illegible] Scribe.

[illegible] McKean Post No. 347 meets First [illegible] evenings of each month at [illegible] of the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus. T. A. MORRISON, Com. [illegible] Adjutant.

[illegible] Meets Thursday afternoon at [illegible] Hall, Backus Block. MRS. SARAH M. VICKERY, Pres't. [illegible] CHAMBERS, Sec'y.

[illegible] of ST. JOHN AND MALTA, Key [illegible] Encampment No. 77, meet 1st and 3d [illegible] evenings in I. O. O. F. Hall. H. I. KNAPP, Em. Com. [illegible] Chancellor.

[illegible] Smethport Lodge, No. 162, meets [illegible] and last Tuesday evenings of [illegible] the A. O. U. W. Hall, Backus [illegible] CHAS. LEMMLER, M. W. [illegible] Recorder.

[illegible] Smethport Union No. 530, meets on [illegible] fourth Wednesday evenings [illegible] I. O. O. F. hall. E. L. KEENAN, President. [illegible] M. VICKERY, Secretary.

[illegible] Smethport Tent, No. 9, meets [illegible] evening at 7:30 in A. O. U. W. [illegible] Block. W. G. HOLDEN, Com. [illegible] R. K.

[illegible] Brown Hive No. [illegible] Meets in A. [illegible] hall, Backus Block, Tuesday after [illegible] MRS. W. S. GIFFORD, C. [illegible] MRS. [illegible] PRATT, R. K.

[illegible] Smethport Branch 31 meets [illegible] fourth Wednesdays of each month [illegible] hall, Backus block, at 7:30 p. m. JAMES LYNCH, Pres't. [illegible] Rec. Sec'y.

[illegible] Meets every alternate Saturday [illegible] afternoon at 3 p. m. in the M. E. Chapel. MRS. D. L. FORSYTHE, Pres't. MRS. M. E. RICHMOND, Sec'y.

[illegible] Smethport Branch No. 15 meets [illegible] Third Wednesday evenings of each [illegible] Hall. DR. CHADWICK, Pres. [illegible] MANSER, Sec'y.

Churches.

[illegible] Rev. J. W. Wright, Pastor. Preaching [illegible] and 7:30 p. m. every Sunday. Sabbath [illegible] immediately after morning services. [illegible] meeting at 10 a. m. Sunday. Prayer Meeting Thursday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] meetings Friday evenings at 7 o'clock. [illegible] Meetings on Saturday evenings at [illegible]

[illegible] Rev. H. W. HALLIWELL, pastor [illegible] every Sunday at 11 [illegible] Sunday school directly after morning services [illegible] Wednesday evenings at [illegible] prayer meeting at [illegible] Covenant meeting [illegible] before the first Sunday in [illegible] every second month. At [illegible]

[illegible] J. HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. [illegible] every Sunday at 11:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. [illegible] except the first Sunday [illegible] month. Sunday school at 9:30 a. m.

[illegible] Chapel—East Smethport. [illegible] HENRY McCANDLESS, Rector. [illegible] every Sunday at 3 p. m. [illegible] The Ladies' Guild meet [illegible] day at 10 a. m.

[illegible] Catholic Church.—J. J. GALLI[illegible] Mass at 11 a. m. Service at 11 [illegible] School at 3 p. m. Services [illegible] alternate Sunday at Smethport and Clermont.

[illegible] at King's Corners school house [illegible] every Sabbath afternoon at [illegible] Sabbath school immediately [illegible] preaching.

[illegible] W. MYNARD, Pastor. [illegible] morning at 10:30 a. m. 7:30 [illegible] school at 11:30 a. m. [illegible] evening preaching [illegible] Saturday 7:30 p. m. All [illegible]

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MONTEZUMA'S DAUGHTER.
BY A. RIDER HAGGARD.
AUTHOR OF "KING SOLOMON'S MINES," "SHE," "JESS," ETC.
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MONTEZUMA'S DAUGHTER.

BY A. RIDER HAGGARD.

[CONTINUED.]

After that I remember nothing till I found myself once more in my apartments in Montezuma's palace, which I never hoped to see again. Otomie was by me and she brought me water to wash the paint off from my body and the blood from my wound, which, leaving her own untended, she dressed skillfully, for the cut of the priest's knife was deep, and I had bled much. Also she clothed herself afresh in a white robe and brought me raiment to wear with food and drink, and I partook of them. Then I bade her eat something herself, and when she had done so I gathered my wits together and spoke to her.

"What next?" I said. "Presently the priests will be on us, and we shall be dragged back to sacrifice. There is no hope for me here. I must fly to the Spaniards and trust to their mercy."

"To the mercy of that man with the sword?" say Teule, "who is he?"

"He is that Spaniard of whom I have spoken to you, Otomie. He is my mortal enemy whom I have followed across the seas."

"And now you would put yourself into his power. Truly you are foolish, Teule."

"It is better to fall into the hands of Christian men than into those of your priests," I answered.

"Have no fear," she said. "The priests are harmless for you. You have escaped them and there's an end. Few have ever come alive from their clutches before, and he who does so is a wizard indeed. For the rest, I think that your God is stronger than our gods, for surely He must have cast His mantle over us when we lay yonder on the stone. Ah, Teule, to what have you brought me, that I should live to doubt my gods! Aye, and to call upon the foes of my country for succor in your need! Believe me, I had not done it for my own sake, since I would have died with your kiss upon my lips and your word of love echoing in my ears, who now must live knowing that these joys have passed from me."

"How so?" I answered. "What I have said I have said. Otomie, you would have died with me and you saved my life by your wit in calling on the Spaniards. Henceforth it is yours, for there is no other woman in the world so tender and so brave, and I say it again, Otomie, my wife, I love you. Our blood has mingled on the stone of sacrifice and there we have kissed. Let these be our marriage rites. Perhaps I have not long to live, but till I die I am yours, Otomie, my wife."

Thus I spoke from the fullness of my heart, for my strength and courage were shattered. Horror and loneliness had taken hold of me. But two things were left to me in the world—my trust in Providence and the love of this woman who had dared so much for me. Therefore I forgot my troth and clung to her as a child to its mother. Doubtless it was wrong, but I will be bold to say that few men so placed would have acted otherwise. Moreover I could not take back the fateful words that I had spoken on the stone of sacrifice. When I said them I was expecting death, indeed, but to renounce them now that its shadow was lifted from me, if only for a little while, would have been the act of a coward. For good or evil I had given myself to Montezuma's daughter, and I must abide by it or be shamed. Still such was the nobleness of this Indian lady that even then she would not take me at my word. For a little while she stood smiling sadly and drawing a lock of her long hair through the hollow of her hand. Then she spoke.

"You are not yourself, Teule, and I should be base indeed if I made so solemn a compact with one who does not know what he sells. Yonder on the altar and in the moment of death you said that you loved me, and doubtless it was true. But now you have come back to life, and say, lord, who set that golden ring upon your hand, and what is written in its circle? Yet even if the words are true that you have spoken and you love me a little, there is one across the sea whom you love better.

"That I could bear, for my heart is fixed on you alone among men, and at the last you would be kind to me and I should move in the sunlight of your presence. But having known the light I cannot live to wander in the darkness. You do not understand. I fear that if—if we were wed you would weary of me as men do, and that memory would grow too strong for you. Then by and by it might be possible for you to find your way back across the waters to your own land and your own love, and so you would desert me, Teule. This is what I could not bear, Teule. I can forgo you now, aye, and remain your friend. But I cannot be put aside like a dancing girl, the companion of a month—I, Montezuma's daughter, a lady of my own land. Should you wed me it must be for life, Teule, and that is perhaps more than you would wish to promise, though you could kiss me on yonder stone, and there is blood fellowship between us," and she glanced at the red stain in the linen robe that covered the wound upon her side.

"And now, Teule, I leave you awhile that I may find Guatemoc, if he still lives, and others who, now that the strength of the priests is shattered, have power to protect you and advance you to honor. Think then on all that I have said and do not be hasty to decide. Or would you make an end at once and fly to the white men if I can find a means of escape?"

"I am too weary to fly anywhere," I answered, "even if I could. Moreover I forget. My enemy is among the Spaniards, he whom I have sworn to kill, therefore his friends are my foes, and his foes my friends. I will not fly, Otomie."

"There you are wise," she said, "for if you come among the Teules that man will murder you. By fair means or foul he will murder you within a day. I saw it in his eyes. Now rest while I seek your safety, if there is any safety in this blood stained land."

CHAPTER XX.

THOMAS IS MARRIED.

Otomie turned and went. I watched the golden curtains close behind her. Then I sank back upon the couch and instantly was lost in sleep, for I was faint and weak and so dazed with weariness that at the time I scarcely knew what had happened or the purport of our talk. Afterward, however, it came back to me. I must have slept for many hours, for when I awoke it was far into the night. It was night, but not dark, for through the barred window places came the sound of tumult and fighting and red rays of light cast by the flames of burning houses. One of these windows was above my couch, and standing on the bed I seized the sill with my hands. With much pain, because of the flesh wound in my side, I drew myself up till I could look through the bars. Then I saw that the Spaniards, not content with the capture of the teocalli, had made a night attack and set fire to hundreds of houses in the city. The glare of the flames was that of a lurid day, and by it I could see the white men retreating to their quarters, pursued by thousands of Aztecs, who hung upon their flanks, shooting at them with stones and arrows.

Now I dropped down from the window place and began to think as to what I should do, for again my mind was wavering. Should I desert Otomie and escape to the Spaniards, if it were possible, taking my chance of death at the hands of De Garcia? Or should I stay among the Aztecs, if they would give me shelter, and wed Otomie? There was a third choice indeed—to stay with them and leave Otomie alone, though it would be difficult to do this and keep my honor. One thing I understood—if I married Otomie it must be at her own price, for then I must become an Indian and give over all hope of returning to England and to my betrothed. Of this indeed there was little chance. Still while life remained to me it might come about if I was free. But once my hands were tied by this marriage it could never be during Otomie's lifetime, and so far as Lily Bozard was concerned I should be dead. How could I be thus faithless to her memory and my troth and on the other hand how could I discard the woman who had risked all for me and who, to speak truth, had grown so dear to me, though there was one yet dearer?

While I sat musing on the couch the curtain was drawn and a man entered bearing a torch. It was Guatemoc. He had come from the fray, which except for its harvest of burning houses was finished for that night. The plumes were shorn from his head, his golden armor was hacked by the Spanish swords, and he bled from a shot wound in the neck.

"Greeting, Teule," he said. "Certainly I never thought to see you alive tonight, or myself either for that matter. But it is a strange world, and now, if never before, in Tenoctitlan those things happen for which we look the least. But I have no time for words. I came to summon you before the council."

"What is to be my fate?" I asked. "Is it to be dragged back to the stone of sacrifice?"

"Nay, have no fear of that. But for the rest I cannot say. In an hour you may be of great among us, if any of us can be called great in these days of shame. Otomie has worked well for you among the princes and the counselors, so she says, and if you have a heart you should be grateful to her, for it seems to me that few women have loved a man so much. As for me, I have been employed elsewhere," and he glanced at his rent armor, "but I will lift up my voice for you. Now come, friend, for the torch burns low. By this time you must be well seasoned in dangers. One more or less will matter as little to you as to me."

Then I rose and followed him into the great cedar paneled hall where that very morning I had received adoration as a god. Now I was a god no longer, but a prisoner on trial for his life. Upon the dais where I had stood in the hour of my godhead were gathered those of the princes and counselors who were left alive. Some of them, like Guatemoc, were clad in rent and bloody mail, others in their customary dress, and one in a priest's robe. They had only two things in common among them—the sternness of their faces and the greatness of their rank—and they sat there this night not to decide my fate, which was but a little thing, but to take counsel as to how they might expel the Spaniards before the city was destroyed.

When I entered, a man in mail who sat in the center of the half circle, and in whom I knew Cuitlahua, who would be the emperor should Montezuma die, looked up quickly and said:

"Who is this countenance that you bring with you? Ah, I remember—the Teule that was the god Tezcat and who escaped the sacrifice today. Listen, nobles. What is to be done with this man? Say, is it lawful that he be led back to sacrifice?"

Then the priest answered: "I grieve to say that it is not lawful, most noble prince. This man has lain on the altar of the god—he has even been wounded by the holy knife. But the god rejected him in a fateful hour, and he must lie there no more. Slay him if you will, but not upon the stone of sacrifice."

"What then shall be done with him?" said the prince again.

"He is of the blood of the Teules, and therefore an enemy. One thing is certain—he must not be suffered to join the white devils and give them tidings of our distress. Is it not best that he be put away forthwith?"

Now several of the council nodded their heads, but others sat silent, making no sign.

"Come," said Cuitlahua, "we have no time to waste over this man when the lives of thousands are hourly at stake. The question is, Shall the Teule be slain?"

Then Guatemoc rose and spoke, saying:

"Your pardon, noble kinsman, but I hold that we may put this prisoner to better use than to kill him. I know him well. He is brave and loyal, as I have proved. Moreover he is not all a Teule, but half of another race that hates them as he hates them, also he has knowledge of their customs and mode of warfare which we lack, and I think that he may be able to give us good counsel in our strait."

"The counsel of the wolf to the deer, perhaps," said Cuitlahua coldly, "counsel that shall lead us to the fangs of the Teules. Who shall answer for this foreign devil that he will not betray us if we trust him?"

"I will answer with my life," answered Guatemoc.

"Your life is of too great worth to be set on such a stake, nephew. Men of this white breed are liars, and his own word is of no value even if he gives it. I think that it will be best to kill him and have done with doubts."

"This man is wed to Otomie, princess of the Otomie, Montezuma's daughter, your niece," said Guatemoc again, "and she loves him so well that she offered herself upon the stone of sacrifice with him. Unless I mistake, she will answer for him also. Shall she be summoned before you?"

"If you wish, nephew, but a woman in love is a blind woman, and doubtless he has deceived her also. Moreover, she was his wife according to the rule of religion only. Is it your desire that the princess should be summoned before you, comrades?"

Now some said nay, but the most of those in whose interest Otomie had gained said yea, and the end of it was that one of their number was sent to summon her.

Presently she came, looking very weary, but proud in mien and royally attired, and bowed before the council.

"This is the question, princess," said Cuitlahua, "whether this Teule shall be slain forthwith or whether he shall be sworn as one of us should he be willing to take the oath? The Prince Guatemoc here vouches for him, and he says that you will vouch for him also. Now, a man can do this in one way only, by taking him she vouches as her husband. Are you already wed to this foreigner by the rule of religion? Are you willing to marry him according to the custom of our land and to answer for his faith with your own life?"

"I am willing," Otomie answered quietly, "if he is willing."

"In truth it is a great honor that you would do this white dog," said Cuitlahua. "Bethink you, you are princess of the Otomie and one of our master's daughters. It is to you that we look to bring back the mountain clans of the Otomie, of whom you are chieftainess, from their unholy alliance with the accursed Tlascalans, the slaves of the Teules. Is not your life too precious to be set on such a stake as this foreigner's faith, for learn, Otomie, if he proves false your rank shall not help you?"

"I know it all," she replied quietly. "Foreigner or not, I love this man, and I will answer for him with my blood. Moreover, I look to him to assist me to win back the people of the Otomie to their allegiance. But let him speak for himself, my lord. It may happen that he has no desire to take me in marriage."

Cuitlahua smiled grimly and said, "When the choice lies between the breast of death and those fair arms of yours, niece, it is easy to guess his answer. Still, speak, Teule, and swiftly."

"I have little to say, lord. If the Princess Otomie is willing to wed me, I am willing to wed her," I answered, and thus in the moment of my danger all my doubts and scruples vanished. As Cuitlahua had said, it was easy to guess the choice of one set between death and Otomie.

She heard and looked at me warningly, saying in a low voice: "Remember our words, Teule. In such a marriage you renounce your past and give me your future."

"I remember," I answered, and while I spoke there came before my eyes a vision of Lily's face as it had been when I bade her farewell. This, then, was the end of the vows that I had sworn. Cuitlahua looked at me with a glance which seemed to search my heart and said:

"I hear your words, Teule. You, a white wanderer, are graciously willing to take this princess to wife and by her to be lifted high among the great lords of this land. But say, how can we trust you? If you fail us, your wife dies indeed, but that may be naught to you."

"I am ready to swear allegiance," I answered. "I hate the Spaniards, and among them is my bitterest enemy, whom I followed across the sea to kill—the man who strove to murder me this very day. I can say no more. If you doubt my words it were best to make an end of me. Already I have suffered much at the hands of your people. It matters little if I die or live."

"Boldly spoken," I said. "Now, lords, I ask your judgment. Shall this man be given to Otomie as husband and be sworn as one of us, or shall he be killed instantly? You know the matter. If he can be trusted, as Guatemoc and Otomie believe, he will be worth an army to us, for he is acquainted with the language, the customs, the weapons and the modes of warfare of these white devils whom the gods have let loose upon us. If on the other hand he is not to be trusted, and it is hard for us to put faith in one of his blood, he may do us much injury, for in the end he will escape to the Teules and betray our counsels and our strength or the lack of it. It is for you to judge, lords."

Now the counselors consulted together, and some said one thing and some another, for they were not by any means of a mind in the matter. At length, growing weary, Cuitlahua called on them to put the question to the vote, and this they did by a lifting of hands. First those who were in favor of my death held up their hands, then those who thought it would be wise to spare me. There were 26 counselors present not counting Cuitlahua, and of these 13 voted for my execution and 13 were for saving me alive.

"Now it seems that I must give a casting vote," said Cuitlahua, when the tale had been rendered, and my blood turned cold at his words, for I had seen that his mind was set against me. Then it was that Otomie broke in, saying:

"Your pardon, my uncle, but before you speak I have a word to say. You need my services, do you not, for if the people of the Otomie will listen to any and suffer themselves to be led from their evil path, it is to me? My mother was by birth their chieftainess, the last of a long line, and I am her only child. Moreover my father is their emperor. Therefore my life is of no small worth now in this time of trouble, for though I am nothing in myself, yet it may chance that I can bring 30,000 warriors to your standard. The priests knew this on yonder pyramid, and when I claimed my right to lie at the side of the Teule they gainsaid me not, nor would they suffer it, though they hungered for the royal blood, till I called down the vengeance of the gods upon them. Now, my uncle and you lords, I tell you this: Slay yonder man if you will, but know that then you must find another than me to lure the Otomie from their rebellion [illegible] a pagan today and follow him to the grave."

She ceased, and a murmur of amazement went round the chamber, for none had looked to find such love and courage in this lady's heart. Only Cuitlahua grew angry.

"Disloyal girl," he said, "do you dare to set your lover before your country? Shame upon you, shameless daughter of our king! Why, it is in the blood—as the father is, so is the daughter. Did not Montezuma forsake his people and choose to lie among these Teules, the false children of Quetzal? And now this Otomie follows in his path. Tell us how is it, woman, that you and your lover alone escaped from the teocalli today when all the rest were killed. Are you then in league with these Teules? I say to you, niece, that if things were otherwise and I had my way you should win your desire indeed, for you should be slain at this man's side, and within the hour." And he ceased for lack of breath and looked upon her fiercely.

But Otomie never quailed. She stood before him pale and quiet, with folded hands and downcast eyes, and answered:

"Forbear to reproach me because my love is strong, or reproach me if you will. I have spoken my last word. Condemn this man to die and, prince, you must seek some other envoy to win back the Otomie to the cause of Anahuac."

Now Cuitlahua pondered, staring into the gloom above him and pulling at his beard, and the silence was great, for none knew what his judgment would be. At last he spoke:

"So be it. We have need of Otomie, my niece, and it is of no avail to fight against a woman's love. Teule, we give you life, and with the life honor and wealth and the greatest of our women in marriage, and a place in our councils. Take these gifts and her, but I say to you both, beware how you use them. If you betray us—nay, if you but think on treachery—I swear to you that you shall die a death so slow and horrible that the very name of it would turn your heart to water, you and your wife, your children and your servants. Come, let him be sworn."

I heard, and my head swam, and a mist gathered before my eyes. Once again I was saved from instant death.

Presently it cleared, and looking up my eyes met those of the woman who had saved me, Otomie, my wife, who smiled upon me somewhat sadly. Then the priest came forward bearing a wooden bowl, carved about with strange signs, and a flint knife, and bade me bare my arm. He cut my flesh with the knife so that blood ran from it into the bowl. Some drops of this blood he emptied on to the ground, muttering invocations the while. Then he turned and looked at Cuitlahua as though in question, and Cuitlahua answered with a bitter laugh:

"Let him be baptized with the blood of the Princess Otomie, my niece, for she is bail for him."

"Nay, lord," said Guatemoc, "these two have mingled bloods already upon the stone of sacrifice, and they are man and wife. But I also have vouched for him, and I offer mine in earnest of my faith."

"This Teule has good friends," said Cuitlahua. "You honor him overmuch. But so be it."

Then Guatemoc came forward, and when the priest would have cut him with the knife he laughed and said, pointing to the bullet wound upon his neck:

"No need for that, priest. Blood runs here that was shed by the Teules. None can be fitter for this purpose."

So the priest drew away the bandage and suffered the blood of Guatemoc to drop into a second smaller bowl. Then he came to me, and dipping his finger into the blood he drew the sign of a cross upon my forehead, as a Christian priest draws it upon the forehead of an infant, and said:

"In the presence and the name of God, our Lord, who is everywhere and sees all things, I sign you with this blood and make you of this blood. In the presence and the name of God, our Lord, who is everywhere and sees all things, I pour forth your blood upon the earth!" (Here he poured as he spoke.) "As this blood of yours sinks into the earth, so may the memory of your past life sink and be forgotten, for you are born again of the people of Anahuac. In the presence and the name of God, our Lord, who is everywhere and sees all things, I mingle these bloods" (here he poured from one bowl into the other), "and with them I touch your tongue" (here, dipping his finger into the bowl, he touched the tip of my tongue with it), "and bid you swear thus:

"I, Teule, swear to be faithful to the people of Anahuac and to their lawful governors. I swear to wage war upon their foes and to compass their destruction, and more especially upon the Teules, till they are driven into the sea. I swear to offer no affront to the gods of Anahuac. I swear myself in marriage to Otomie, princess of the Otomie, the daughter of Montezuma, my lord, for so long as her life shall endure. I swear to attempt no escape from these shores. I swear to renounce my father and my mother, and the land where I was born and to cling to this land of my new birth, and this my oath shall endure till the volcano Popo ceases to vomit smoke and fire, till there is no king in Tenoctitlan, till no priest serves the altars of the gods and the people of Anahuac are no more a people."

When I had sworn, Guatemoc came forward and embraced me, saying: "Welcome, Teule, my brother in blood and heart. Now you are one of us, and we look to you for help and counsel. Come, be seated by me."

I looked toward Cuitlahua doubtfully, but he smiled graciously and said: "Teule, your trial is over. We have accepted you, and you have sworn the solemn oath of brotherhood, to break which is to die horribly in this world and to be tortured through eternity in the next. Forget all that may have been said in the hour of your weighing, for the balance is in your favor, and be sure that if you give us no cause to doubt you, you shall find none to doubt us. Now, as the husband of Otomie, you are a lord among the lords, having honor and great possessions, and as such be seated by your brother Guatemoc and join our council."

I did as he bade me, and Otomie withdrew from our presence. Then Cuitlahua spoke again, no longer of me and my matters, but of the urgent affairs of state. He spoke in slow words and weighty, and more than once his voice broke in his sorrow. He told of the grievous misfortunes that had overcome the country, of the death of hundreds of its bravest warriors, of the slaughter of the priests and soldiers that day on the teocalli and the desecration of his nation's gods. What was to be done in this extremity? he asked. Montezuma lay dying, a prisoner in the camp of the Teules, and the fire that he had nursed with his breath devoured the land. No efforts of theirs could break the iron strength of these white devils, armed with strange and terrible weapons. Day by day disaster overtook the arms of the Aztecs. What wisdom had they now that the protecting gods were shattered in their very shrines, when the altars ran red with the blood of their ministering priests, when the oracles were dumb or answered only in the accents of despair?

Then one by one princes and generals arose and gave counsel according to their lights. At length all had spoken, and Cuitlahua said, looking toward me:

"We have a new counselor among us who is skilled in the warfare and customs of the white men, who till an hour ago was himself a white man. Has he no word of comfort for us?"

"Speak, my brother," said Guatemoc.

Then I spoke: "Most noble Cuitlahua, and you lords and princes, you honor me by asking my counsel, and it is this, in few words and brief. You waste your strength by hurling your armies continually against stone walls and the weapons of Teules. So you shall not prevail against them. Your devices must be changed if you would win victory. The Spaniards are like other men. They are no gods, as the ignorant imagine, and the creatures upon which they ride are not demons, but beasts of burden, such as are used for many purposes in the land where I was born.

"The Spaniards are men, I say, and do not men hunger and thirst? Cannot men be worn out by want of sleep and be killed in many ways? Are not these Teules already weary to the death? This, then, is my counsel: Besiege the Spaniards and invest their camp so closely that no food can reach them and their allies, the Tlascalans. If this is done, within 10 days from now either they will surrender, or they will strive to break their way back to the coast. But to do this, first they must win out of the city, and if dikes are cut through the causeways that will be no easy matter. Then when they strive to escape, cumbered with the gold they covet and came here to seek, then I say, will be the hour to attack them and to destroy them utterly."

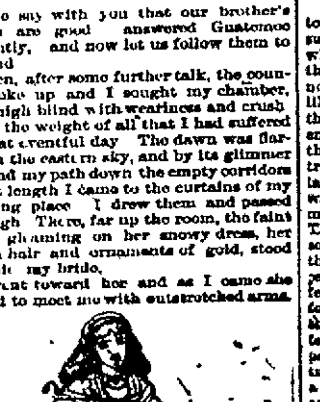
I ceased, and a murmur of applause went round the council.

"It seems that we came to a wise judgment when we determined to spare this man's life," said Cuitlahua, "for all that he tells us is true, and I would that we had followed this policy from the first. Now, lords, I give my voice for acting as our brother points the way. What say you?"

"We say with you that our brother's words are good," answered Guatemoc presently, "and now let us follow them to the end."

Then, after some further talk, the council broke up and I sought my chamber, well nigh blind with weariness and crushed by the weight of all that I had suffered on that eventful day. The dawn was flaring in the eastern sky, and by its glimmer I found my path down the empty corridors till at length I came to the curtains of my sleeping place. I drew them and passed through. There, far up the room, the faint light gleaming on her snowy dress, her raven hair and ornaments of gold, stood Otomie, my bride.

I went toward her, and as I came she glided to meet me with outstretched arms.



She glided to meet me with outstretched arms.

Presently they were about my neck, and her kiss was upon my brow.

"Now all is done, my love and lord," she whispered, "and come good or ill, or both, we are one until death, for such vows as ours cannot be broken."

"All is done indeed, Otomie, and our oaths are lifelong, though other oaths have been broken that they might be sworn," I answered.

Thus then I, Thomas Wingfield, was wed to Otomie, princess of the Otomie, Montezuma's daughter.

CHAPTER XXI.

THE NIGHT OF FEAR.

Long before I awoke that day the commands of the council had been carried out, and the bridges in the great causeways were broken down wherever dikes crossed the raised roads that ran through the waters of the lake. That afternoon also I went, dressed as an Indian warrior, with Guatemoc and the other generals, to a parley which was held with Cortes, who took his stand in the same tower of the palace that Montezuma had stood on when the arrow of Guatemoc struck him down. There is little to be said of this parley, and I remember it chiefly because it was then, for the first time since I had left the Tabascans, that I saw Marina close and heard her sweet and gentle voice, for now, as ever, she was by the side of Cortes, translating his proposals of peace to the Aztecs. Among these proposals was one that showed me that De Garcia had not been idle. It asked that the false white man who had been rescued from the altars of the gods upon the teocalli should be given in exchange for certain Aztec prisoners, in order that he might be hung, according to his merits, as a spy and deserter, a traitor to the emperor of Spain. I wondered as I heard if Marina knew when she spoke the words that "the false white man" was none other than the friend of her Tabascan days.

"You see that you are fortunate in having found place among us Aztecs, Teule," said Guatemoc, with a laugh, "for your own people would greet you with a rope."

Then he answered Cortes, saying nothing of me, but bidding him and all the Spaniards prepare for death.

"Many of us have perished," he said. "You also must perish, Teules. You shall perish of hunger and thirst, you shall perish on the altars of the gods. There is no escape for you, Teules. The bridges are broken."

And all the multitude took up the words and thundered out, "There is no escape for you, Teules. The bridges are broken!"

Then the shooting of arrows began, and I sought the palace to tell Otomie, my wife, what I had gathered of the state of her father Montezuma, who the Spaniards said still lay dying, and of her two sisters, who were hostages in their quarters.

Two days later came the news that Montezuma was dead, and shortly after it his body, which the Spaniards handed over to the Aztecs for burial, attired in the gorgeous robes of royalty. They laid it in the hall of the palace, whence it was hurried secretly and at night to Chapoltepec, and there hidden away with small ceremony, for it was feared that the people might rend it limb from limb in their rage. With Otomie weeping at my side, I looked for the last time on the face of that most unhappy king, whose reign, so glorious in its beginning, had ended thus. Otomie, ceasing from her tears, kissed his clay and cried aloud:

"O my father, it is well that you are dead, for none who loved you could desire to see you live on in shame and servitude! May the gods you worshiped give me strength to avenge you, or if they be no gods then may I find it in myself. I swear this, my father, that while a man is left to me I will not cease from seeking to avenge you."

Then taking my hand, without another word she turned and passed thence. As will be seen, she kept her oath.

On that day and on the morrow there was fighting with the Spaniards, who sallied out to fill up the gaps in the dikes of the causeway, a task in which they succeeded, though with some loss. But it availed them nothing, for so soon as their backs were turned we opened the dikes again. It was on these days that for the first time I had experience of war, and armed with my bow made after the English pattern I did good service. As it chanced, the very first arrow that I drew was on my hated foe, De Garcia, but here my common fortune pursued me, for, being out of practice or overanxious, I aimed too high, though the mark was an easy one, and the shaft pierced the iron of his casque, causing him to reel in his saddle, but doing him no further hurt. Still this marksmanship, poor as it was, gained me great renown among the Aztecs, who were but feeble archers, for they had never before seen an arrow pierce through the Spanish mail. Nor would mine have done so had I not collected the iron barbs off the crossbow bolts of the Spaniards and fitted them to my own shafts. I seldom found the mail that would withstand arrows made thus when the range was short and the aim good.

After the first day's fight, I was appointed general over a body of 3,000 archers and was given a banner to be borne before me and a gorgeous captain's dress to wear. But what pleased me better was a chain shirt which came from the body of a Spanish cavalier. For many years I always wore this shirt beneath my cotton mail, and it saved my life more than once, or them.

I had taken over the command of my archers but 48 hours, a scant time in which to teach them discipline, whereof they had little, though they were brave enough when the occasion came to use them in good earnest, and with it the night of disaster that is still known among the Spaniards as the noche triste. On the afternoon before that night a council was held in the palace, at which I spoke, saying I was certain that the Teules thought of retreat from the city and in the dark, for otherwise they would not have been so eager to fill up the canals in the causeway. To this Cuitlahua, who now that Montezuma was dead would be emperor, though he was not yet chosen and crowned, answered that it might well be that the Teules meditated flight, but that they could never attempt in the darkness, since in so doing they must become entangled in the streets and dikes.

I replied that, though it was not the Aztec habit to march and fight at night, such things were common enough among white men, as they had seen already, and that because the Spaniards knew it was not their habit they would be the more likely to attempt escape under cover of the darkness, when they thought their enemies asleep. Therefore I counseled that sentries should be set at all the entrances to every causeway. To this Cuitlahua assented, and assigned the causeway of Tlacopan to Guatemoc and myself, making us the guardians of its safety. That night Guatemoc and I, with some soldiers, went out toward midnight to visit the guard that we had placed upon the causeway. It was very dark, and a rain fell, so that a man could see no farther before his eyes than he can at evening through a Norfolk roke in autumn. We found and relieved the guard, which reported that all was quiet, and we were returning toward the great square when of a sudden I heard a dull sound as of thousands of men tramping.

"Listen," I said.

"It is the Teules who escape," whispered Guatemoc.

Quickly we ran to where the street from the great square opens on to the causeway, and there even through the darkness and rain we caught the gleam of armor. Then I cried aloud in a great voice: "To arms! To arms! The Teules escape by the causeway of Tlacopan!"

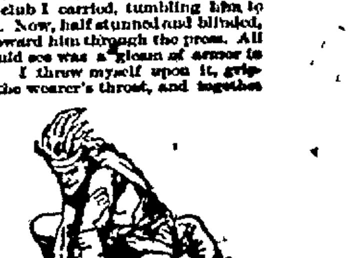
Instantly my words were caught up by the sentries and passed from post to post till the city rang with them. They were cried in every street and canal, they echoed from the roofs of houses and among the summits of a hundred temples. The city awoke with a murmur; from the lake came the sound of water beaten by 10,000 oars, as though myriads of wild fowl had sprung suddenly from their reedy beds. Here, there and everywhere torches flashed out like falling stars, wild notes were blown on horns and shells, and above all arose the booming of the snakeskin drum, which the priests upon the teocalli beat furiously.

Presently the murmur grew to a roar, and from this direction and from that armed men poured toward the causeway of Tlacopan. Some came on foot, but the most of them were in canoes which covered the waters of the lake farther than the ear could hear. Now the Spaniards to the number of 1,500 or so, accompanied by some 6,000 or 8,000 Tlascalans, were emerging on the causeway in a long thin line. Guatemoc and I rushed before them, collecting men as we went, till we came to the first canal, where canoes were already gathering by scores. The head of the Spanish column reached the canal, and the fight began, which, so far as the Aztecs were concerned, was a fray without plan or order, for in that darkness and confusion the captains could not see their men or the men hear their captains. But they were there in countless numbers and had only one desire in their breast—to kill the Teules. A cannon roared, sending a storm of bullets through us, and by its flash we saw that the Spaniards carried a timber bridge with them, which they were placing across the canal. Then we fell on them, every man fighting for himself. Guatemoc and I were swept over that bridge by the first rush of the enemy as leaves are swept in a gale, and though both of us won through safely we saw each other no more that night. With us and after us came the long array of Spaniards and Tlascalans, and from every side the Aztecs poured upon them, clinging to their straggling line as ants cling to a wounded worm.

"Now can I tell all that came to pass that night? I cannot, for I saw but little of it. All I know is that for two hours I was fighting like a madman. The foe crossed the first canal, but when all were over the bridge was sunk so deep in the mud that it could not be stirred, and three furlongs on ran a second canal, deeper and wider than the first. Over this they could not cross till it was bridged with the dead. It seemed as though all hell had broken loose upon that narrow ridge of ground. The sound of cannon and of arquebuses, the shrieks of agony and fear, the shouts of the Spanish soldiers, the war cries of the Aztecs, the screams of wounded horses, the wail of women, the hiss of hurtling darts and arrows and the dull noise of falling blows went up to heaven in one hideous hurly burly. Like a frightened mob of cattle, the long Spanish array swayed this way and that, bellowing as it swayed. Many rolled down the sides of the causeway to be slaughtered in the waters of the lake or borne away to sacrifice in the canoes, many were drowned in the canals, and yet more were trampled to death in the mud. Hundreds of the Aztecs perished also, for the most part beneath the weapons of their own friends, who struck and shot, not knowing on whom the blow should fall or in whose breast the arrow would find its home.

For my part, I fought on with a little band of men who had gathered about me till at last the dawn broke and showed an awful sight. The most of those who were left alive of the Spaniards and their allies had crossed the second canal upon a bridge made of the dead bodies of their fellows mixed up with a wreck of baggage, cannon and packages of treasure. Now the fight was raging beyond it. A mob of Spaniards and Tlascalans were still crossing the second breach, and on these I fell with such men as were with me. I plunged right into the heart of them, and suddenly before me I saw the face of De Garcia.

With a shout I rushed at him. He heard my voice and knew me. With an oath he struck at my head. The heavy sword came down upon my helmet of painted wood, shearing away one side of it and felling me, but ere I fell I smote him on the breast with the club I carried, tumbling him to the earth. Now, half stunned and blinded, I crept toward him through the press. All that I could see was a gleam of armor in the mud. I threw myself upon it, gripping at the wearer's throat, and together



I threw myself upon it, gripping at the wearer's throat.

we rolled down the side of the causeway into the shallow water at the edge of the lake. I was uppermost, and with a fierce joy I dashed the blood from my eyes that I might see to kill my enemy, caught at last. His body was in the lake, but his head lay upon the sloping bank, and my plan was to hold him beneath the water till he was drowned, for I had lost my club.

"At length, De Garcia!" I cried in Spanish as I shifted my grip.

"For the love of God, let me go!" gasped a rough voice beneath me. "Fool, I am no Indian dog."

Now I peered into the man's face. His voice was not his voice, nor was the face his face, but that of a rough Spanish soldier.

"Who are you?" I said, slackening my hold. "Where is De Garcia, he whom you name Sarceda?"

"Sarceda? I don't know. A minute ago he was on his back on the causeway. The fellow pulled me down and rolled behind me. Let me be, I say. I am not Sarceda, and if I were, is this a time to settle private quarrels? I am your comrade, Bernal Diaz. Holy Mother, who are you? An Aztec who speaks Castilian?"

"I am no Aztec," I answered. "I am an Englishman, and I fight with the Aztecs that I may slay him whom you name Sarceda. But with you I have no quarrel, Bernal Diaz. Begone and escape if you can. No, I will keep the sword, with your leave."

"Englishman, Spaniard, Aztec or devil," grunted the man as he drew himself from his bed of ooze, "you are a good fellow, and I promise you that if I live through this, and if it should ever come about that I get you by the throat, I will remember the turn you did me. Farewell," and without more ado he rushed up the bank and plunged into a knot of his flying countrymen, leaving his sword in my hand. I strove to follow him, that I might find my enemy, who once more had escaped by craft, but my strength failed me, for De Garcia's sword had bitten deep, and I bled much. So I must sit where I was till a canoe came and bore me back to Otomie to be nursed, and 10 days went by before I could walk again.

This was my share of the victory of the noche triste. Alas, it was a barren triumph, though more than 500 of the Spaniards were slain and thousands of their allies! For there was no warlike skill or discipline among the Aztecs, and instead of following the Spaniards until none of them remained alive they staid to plunder the dead and drag away the living to sacrifice. Also this day of revenge was a sad one to Otomie, seeing that two of her brothers, Montezuma's sons, whom the Spaniards held in hostage, perished with them in the fray.

As for De Garcia, I could not learn what had become of him, nor whether he was dead or living.

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Harvesting Kaffir Corn.

A correspondent of Farm, Field and Fireside says:

We cut Kaffir corn with a sledge corn harvester, cutting two rows at a time, shock it on the spot until cured, then cut off the heads with a cornknife, which can be done very rapidly, and thrash the seed from the heads with the thrasher.

The growth is too heavy to use a mower in it. Some farmers feed it to the cattle as it is cut and cured, giving stalks, seed and all, but this, we consider, involves too great waste, especially of the seed, which is as valuable as corn. If the circumstances are such that it cannot be thrashed conveniently, I would feed it stalk, grain and all, but in racks so constructed that there shall be a minimum of waste by tramping it under foot.

Kaffir corn ought to be ground before it is fed. The grains are small and hard, and when fed whole a large percentage will pass through the alimentary canal without being acted upon by the digestive juices.

White Clover For Pasture.

White clover is too short and small to be available for haymaking, but we know of no plant that makes a better or more enduring pasture. Land that is once well seeded with white clover is never afterward entirely clear from it. Seeds form in the heads all through the season, and they have the faculty of lying in the ground without injury and growing whenever a favorable chance offers. The plant also spreads by trailing on the ground and rooting from the joints, as a strawberry will do whenever there is a soft or moist place to strike its roots into.—American Cultivator.

The only remains of the splendid French possessions in India are five towns.

McKean County Miner.

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Professional cards, not exceeding one inch $6.00 per year.

Obituary notices over five lines, ten cents per line. Simple announcements of births, marriages and deaths will be inserted free.

All communications should be addressed to

OLSON & GILBERT,
Editors and Publishers.

Smethport, Pa., August 31, 1894.

REPUBLICAN STATE TICKET

FOR GOVERNOR,
GEN D H HASTINGS,
of Centre county

FOR LIEUTENANT GOVERNOR,
HON WALTER LYON
of Pittsburg

FOR SEC'Y OF INTERNAL AFFAIRS,
GEN JAMES LATTA
of Philadelphia.

FOR AUDITOR GENERAL,
HON AMOS H MYLIN
of Lancaster county

FOR CONGRESSMEN AT LARGE
HON GALUSHA A GROW
of Susquehanna county
HON. GEORGE F HUFF,
of Westmoreland county

REPUBLICAN COUNTY TICKET.

FOR CONGRESS
HON CHARLES W STONE
of Warren county

FOR MEMBERS OF ASSEMBLY
HERMAN H NORTH,
of Bradford
GEORGE GRIFFITHS,
of Kane

FOR CORONER
E. R. SHERMAN
of Bradford

FOR JURY COMMISSIONER
WALTER OSTRANDER,
of Liberty Township

If the Japs go pekin around China they will get some of their beads knocked off

QUERY Will Democratic Attorneys attempt to break the constitutionality of the Gorman bill? There is just as good grounds for this attempt as there was upon the McKinley bill which they worked so assiduously to crush but it will undoubtedly make some difference who's ox is gored.

CONGRESSMAN REED opened the Republican campaign at Old Orchard, Maine, last Saturday. Mr Reed did not lack for argument and he clearly showed that the Democratic party were incapable of conducting the affairs of this government successfully. The Democratic party have been manufacturing Republican thunder for the last year. Fortunately the Republican party leaders are capable of using the said thunder in a manner that will not reflect very creditably to the party in power. The Democratic double dealing on the tariff question will be fully shown up when such men as Reed, Sherman, McKinley and fall campaign. The actions of the Democrats in Congress like Macbeth's ghost will rise up to confront them on all sides and a great many Democratic congressmen will have hard work to satisfy their constituents at home as to the position they assumed in Congress on the present tariff issues and the Chicago platform of '92

THE PRESIDENT'S WEAKNESS.

How much more satisfactory it would have been to the Democrats if the President had vetoed the Gorman bill, or even signed it and thus shown to the country that he had a will of his own and not sit back, and scold like some old woman in her dotage. After writing his letter to Wilson, wherein he deprecated the said bill in language that could not be mistaken and pronounced that, if passed, it would become a party perfidy and dishonor and now after all he has said against the measure to quietly let it become a law by limitation, and then write such a scolding letter as he did to Representative Catchings, of Miss. How can the President expect to retain the respect of his followers after showing such weakness? It would have been infinitely far better to have let the unconstitutional McKinley bill remain on the statutes than to let such a bill become a law with the odious income tax rider attached which will cause more false swearing than any bill that was ever passed by any legislative body in the history of the nation.

AMERICAN GOODS ONLY.

If every patriotic American will purchase American goods only for his consumption, he will lessen the disastrous effects of the free trade Gorman Tariff Bill. The American Protective Tariff League invites all to join in such a movement, and to sign the following pledge

"I hereby pledge myself to buy American goods only, whether of the farm, mine or factory, and to use my influence to have others do the same."

Please sign the above giving your office address in full and send the same to W F Wakeman, General Secretary, 135 West 23d Street, New York.

$100 Reward, $100.

The readers of this paper will be pleased to learn that there is at least one dreaded disease that science has been able to cure in all its stages, and that is, Catarrh. Hall's Catarrh Cure is the only positive cure now known to the medical fraternity. Catarrh being a constitutional disease, requires a constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous services of the system thereby destroying the foundation of the disease, and giving the patient strength by building up the constitution and assisting nature in doing its work. The proprietors have so much faith in its curative powers, that they offer One Hundred Dollars for any case that it fails to cure. Send for list of Testimonials

Address, F J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, O
Sold by Druggists, 75c.

Assignees Sale.

The goods in the store of Frank R Foster will be sold at assignees sale at greatly reduced prices, consisting of drugs, patent medicines, fancy articles, toys, stationery, etc. Come at once and receive the benefit of first choice of goods.

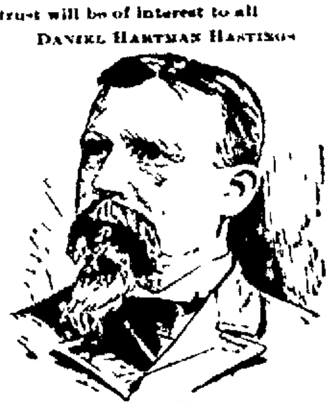
J. W. LOUTON, Assignee.

INSURANCE of all kinds written by W. F. Specht.

OUR CANDIDATES.

The young Republicans, of Pennsylvania, will hoist their banner at Harrisburg next week and the fight will commence in earnest. The MINER presents its many readers with exellent portraits of our state candidates with a short sketch of their lives which we trust will be of interest to all

DANIEL HARTMAN HASTINGS



Daniel H Hartman Hastings comes of Scotch Irish ancestry and his father was a small farmer in Clinton County where the son was born on February 26 1849. In the winter of 1863 when he was but 14 years of age a school in Wayne township became vacant. The boy borrowed $1 trudged through the snow and secured the appointment conditioned upon his passing an examination. He walked back to Lock Haven the same day was examined and received his certificate, returning on foot in time to open the school the next morning. Meanwhile the dollar was spent and his first day's experience as a school teacher was passed without anything to eat. The following four years were spent in teaching the neighboring schools in the winter and assisting his father on the farm in the summer. He studied diligently through the winter evenings the better to qualify himself for teaching and in 1866 his exertions were rewarded by being elected principal of the High School at Bellefonte. This position he filled for eight years.

In 1875 he was admitted to the practice of law, and in a short time became a leader at the bar and in politics. In the campaign of 1882 General Hastings was the personal friend and enthusiastic supporter of General Beaver for Governor. Defeated but not disheartened, in 1886 General Hastings presented the name of Governor Beaver to the Republican Convention and asked and secured his renomination. As a delegate at large to the Republican National Convention in 1888 he placed Senator Sherman in nomination for President. He was equal to the occasion and in a single half hour attained a national reputation as an orator. Meanwhile he had served as a member of the school board and a Burgess of Bellefonte.

General Hastings became connected with the National Guard in 1887 in July of which year he was made paymaster of the Fifth Regiment, with the rank of captain. He served on the staff of General Beaver, then a division commander, during the riots of July 1887, accompanying the command to Altoona. In March 1878 he was elected and commissioned lieutenant colonel of the Fifth Regiment in June 1883 he was appointed assistant adjutant general of the Second Brigade and in March 1884, he was elected colonel of the Fifth Regiment and at the annual inspection of 1886 his regiment achieved the highest standing of any in the State. After serving nearly three years in that rank in January 1887 Colonel Hastings resigned his commission and accepted the appointment of Adjutant General of Pennsylvania. As a member of the Military Commission created to revise wealth General Hastings, in connection with General Hartranft and other able officers of that board rendered excellent service in the preparation and passage of the present military bill which places the militia of the state on its present basis of efficiency and completeness. As Adjutant General the National Guard openly acknowledges General Hastings ability zeal and efficiency. It recalls the success of the Division Encampment of 1887 at Mount Gretna where General Sheridan reviewed the 8,000 guardsmen, all fully equipped for war, all due chiefly to the united energy and vigilance of Generals Hartranft and Hastings.

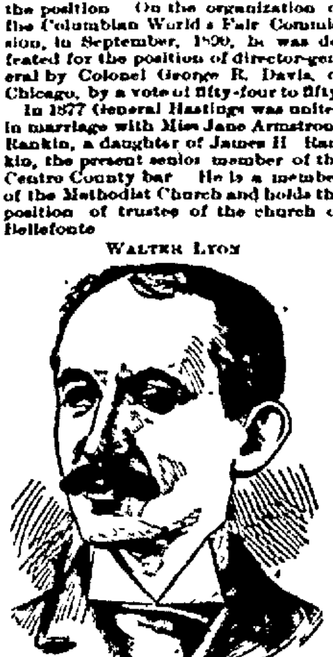
On June 1 1889, he was at a small town in Cambria County. When he heard the awful reports from Johnstown he at once hired a team and started for the ill-fated city, driving the whole day long over flooded roads and broken bridges arriving at Johnstown at 4 p m. Taking in the situation of affairs, he immediately telegraphed to Governor Beaver to send up some tents and other necessaries then took off his coat and went to work as a private citizen to help and succor the distressed. Promptly recognized by the survivors of the disater as the man for the place, by general consent he assumed the charge and responsibility of feeding and relieving the people, subsequently managed the operations ordered by the state authorities demonstrating his great ability and making himself a popular hero.

General Hastings conduct of affairs at Johnstown brought him more prominently than ever before the people of the State, and in 1890 he aspired to the highest honor within the gift of his party the nomination for Governor. He entered the convention of that year with a strong support, receiving sixty four votes on the first ballot, to eighty four for Delamater and fifty-six scattered among four other candidates. He received sixty votes on the second ballot, to ninety for Delamater, but the latter's position was too strong and a few changes gave him 105 votes—two more than was necessary for the nomination, leaving Hastings with fifty eight.

General Hastings was offered the chairmanship of the State Committee for the ensuing year, but declined the position. On the organization of the Columbian World's Fair Commission, in September, 1890, he was defeated for the position of director-general by Colonel George R. Davis, of Chicago, by a vote of fifty-four to fifty.

In 1877 General Hastings was united in marriage with Miss Jane Armstrong Rankin, a daughter of James H Rankin, the present senior member of the Centre County bar. He is a member of the Methodist Church and holds the position of trustee of the church of Bellefonte.

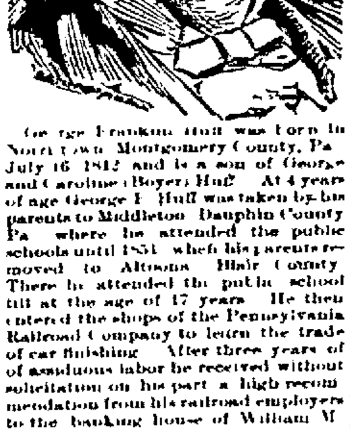
WALTER LYON



Walter Lyon is well known throughout Western Pennsylvania as a lawyer of ability and a staunch adherent to his party. He was born in Shaler township, Allegheny County April 27, 1853. Early in 1877 he became a member of the Allegheny County bar, and is at present a member of the law firm, Lyon, Sanderson & McKee. He has been active as a worker and was a delegate to the Republican State Conventions of 1881 1884 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889, 1890 and 1893. He was temporary chairman of the conventions of '87 and '89 and permanent chairman of the 1890 convention. In 1887 Mr Lyon was tendered the office of Deputy Secretary of the Commonwealth by Governor Beaver but declined. In June 1889 he was appointed United States Attorney for the Western District of Pennsylvania embracing forty six of the sixty seven counties in the State. This office he resigned last year to take his seat in the State Senate.

In 1884 Mr. Lyon was the leader of the movement in Western Pennsylvania which resulted in the nomination of Blaine for President of the Republican party. The movement which Mr Lyon headed attracted attention all over the country and it so crystallized sentiment in favor of Mr. Blaine as to make his nomination possible. Although Mr Lyon is a personal friend of Senator Quay he has at various times chosen independent ground in the Republican politics of the State. He is thoroughly imbued with the idea that the Republican party is one of progress. He has filled all public positions to which he has been chosen with the most scrupulous integrity and faithfulness. Early in life while studying for the law, Mr Lyon was a public school teacher. He is of a quiet and scholarly disposition and spends most of his leisure hours at a modest home in Allegheny. He is the possessor of a fine family and takes considerable pleasure in the company of his children and books.

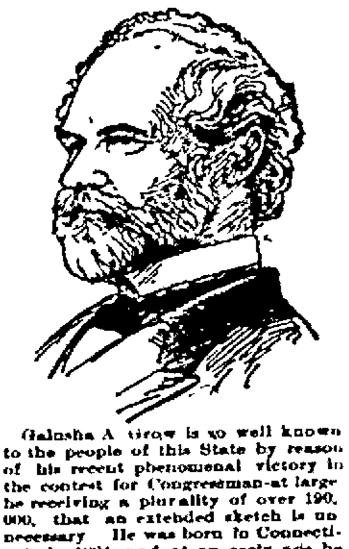
GEORGE FRANKLIN HUFF



George Franklin Huff was born in Norristown, Montgomery County, Pa July 16 1842 and is a son of George and Caroline (Boyer) Huff. At 4 years of age George F Huff was taken by his parents to Middleton Dauphin County Pa where he attended the public schools until 1851 when his parents removed to Altoona, Blair County. There he attended the public school till at the age of 17 years. He then entered the shops of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company to learn the trade of car finishing. After three years of assiduous labor he received without solicitation on his part a high recommendation from his railroad employers to the banking house of William M Lloyd & Co who were at the time leading bankers of Blair County. He occupied a position with the firm and in 1863 they sent him to Ebensburg to establish a banking house. In that mission he was very successful and after a year was recalled to the bank at Altoona. In 1867 he removed to Greensburg and established the Greensburg Deposit Bank of Lloyd Huff & Co., with branches at Latrobe, went out of business in 1873 on account of the serious financial embarrassment of the senior member of the firm W M Lloyd.

His political career began in 1880 when he came into national prominence in the Republican Convention at Chicago as one of the "306" Grand or Immortal 306 in support of General Grant for the Presidential nomination. In 1884 Mr Huff was the Republican candidate for State Senator in the Thirty-ninth Senatorial District comprising Westmoreland County. He was elected by a handsome majority. In 1887 he was nominated for Congress in the Twenty first District by the Republicans of Westmoreland County but the district nomination was secured by Samuel A Craig of Jefferson County. In 1890 he was again a candidate and was nominated and elected serving two years. In 1892 he was again a candidate but was defeated for the nomination by D B Heiner, of Armstrong, the present incumbent. He was a member of Company C, Forty sixth Regiment, Pennsylvania Volunteers, serving with distinction for a brief time in the war. He is a member of Greensburg Post No 276

GALUSHA A GROW

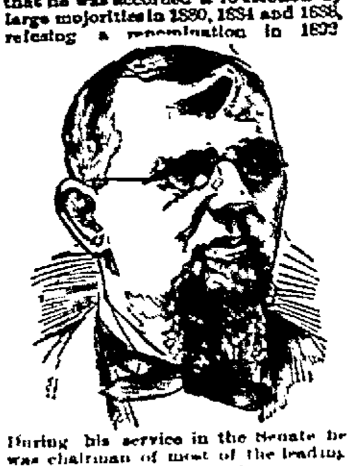


Galusha A Grow is so well known to the people of this State by reason of his recent phenomenal victory in the contest for Congressman-at large he receiving a plurality of over 190,000, that an extended sketch is unnecessary. He was born in Connecticut, in 1824 and at an early age he removed with his parents to Susquehanna County in this State. Arriving at manhood, Mr Grow studied law, was admitted to the Bar, and soon became active in politics. He was elected to Congress in 1850, and served in that body continuously for twelve years, being Speaker of the house during his last term, 1861 to 1863. For thirty years thereafter Mr Grow held no public office, although he was always active in the promotion of Republican principles and in support of Republican candidates. In February last the ex Speaker was elected to succeed the late General Lily, Congressman at-large from this State

AMOS H MYLIN

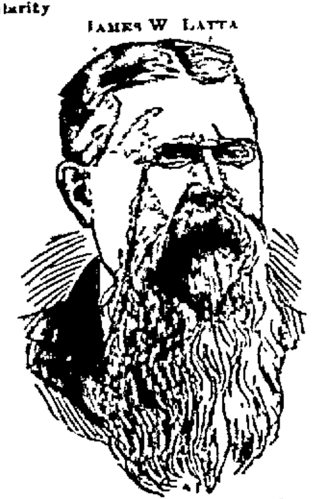
Amos H Mylin was born in West Lampeter township, Dauphin County, September 29, 1837, his ancestors being of Mennonite stock, who settled in the township about the year 1710. He received a common school education, attending the schools of the township, and subsequently spent several years at Andover College, Massachusetts. He then became a law student at the University of Pennsylvania, where he graduated and was admitted to the Bar of Lancaster County, opening an office in Harrisburg for the practice of law in 1863.

In 1872 he was elected a member of the lower branch of the State Legislature and was twice re elected, serving until 1878, when he was transferred to the State Senate. His service there was so satisfactory to his constituents that he was accorded a re-election by large majorities in 1880, 1884 and 1888, refusing a renomination in 1892.



During his service in the Senate he was chairman of most of the leading committees, and for several terms was honored with the presidency pro tempore of the body a position he filled with credit to himself and universal satisfaction of the members of the body. Senator Mylin is possessed in a large degree of personal traits of popularity.

JAMES W LATTA



James W Latta was born in Philadelphia on April 13 1829. He entered the military service as a private in the Reserve Corps in April 1861 and was promoted to second lieutenant and first lieutenant in the 119th Regiment Pa. V. In August 1862 and was promoted to the captaincy of Company B of the same regiment on March 4 1864. In May following he was made captain and assistant adjutant general of volunteers and was mustered out of service on January 20 1866 with the rank of brevet lieutenant colonel.

After the war he took much interest in local military affairs and was made colonel of the First Regiment National Guard of Pennsylvania. Governor Hoyt appointed Colonel Latta Adjutant General of the State vice A. L. Russel resigned, and he served until the first election of Governor Pattison in 1882 when he retired and engaged in the practice of the law.

In May 1887 upon the creation of the Municipal Civil Service Board, Mayor Fitler appointed General Latta secretary which position he filled very satisfactorily until he was elected Clerk of the Court of Quarter Sessions in 1890. In 1893 he was re-elected to the same office. In June, 1891 General Latta was placed on the list of retired officers of the National Guard having served fifteen years in the State Militia since 1861.

WASHINGTON LETTER.

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug 27. Every day seems to add to the evidence of inability on the part of the Democrats to properly manage the affairs of the country. The hope that quiet and a reasonable degree of prosperity would follow the settlement of the tariff question has been rudely dispelled this week by Democratic action and Democratic promises of action. As the public has been already informed the Democrats of the House accompanied the Gorman tariff bill by a few dry small bills putting iron ore and other articles on the free list. The result of this has been to immediately alarm the people who supposed that the passage of the tariff bill would settle the tariff question. Not only has this given them cause for alarm but the Congressional Record in which statesmen were permitted to print speeches on the tariff bill has teemed with statements and threats by leading Democrats that the work of tariff reduction has been only begun. Congressman McMillin of Tenn who as a member of the Ways and Means Committee doubtless speaks by authority says that this is but the beginning of a reduction in tariff and adds, "I believe that it will so far justify the movement in favor of tariff reform that we can still further reduce at an early day." Congressman Tom Johnson of Ohio absolutely denounces the bill because it is not enough free trade to suit him and says that it must be followed by a deeper cut. Speaker Crisp says, "The moment we get this we intend to move forward. We do not intend that there shall be any backward step in tariff reform." Chairman Wilson says, "We have made some breach in the protective system through which the hosts of American freemen will continue to march." And so through the entire list. Every Democrat who speaks out about the bill announces that it is but a mere beginning of what the party intends to do in the matter of tariff reductions and finally free trade.

The result of all this is already apparent in the fact that the uncertainty and alarm felt by the people about further tariff reductions and changes continues, and seems likely to continue. No manufacturer can with any certainty, enter upon a general line of policy in regard to his business, because of the continued uncertainty as to what tariff legislation is going to be enacted to further injure him. So long as the Democratic party retains control of both branches of Congress, and the presidency, he can not hope to obtain any rest or any certainty in the matter of business transactions.

One thing is assured by the Democratic tariff bill. That is that every housewife will pay a higher price for her sugar than she has been paying and that by reason of a bill passed by a party which professes to represent the masses. Congressman Tom Johnson, of Ohio, speaking of this, said frankly to his brother Democrats, "When this bill becomes a law the most prominent result of the victory of 1892 will have been that we have made a present of the sum of $45,000,000, in cash, to the sugar trust, and that every woman who sees the bag of sugar she buys decreased one third will become a missionary against false Democracy." And this statement comes from a Democrat. In fact, there are very few Democrats who are willing to stand up and defend the tariff bill, as for the Populists and Republicans, none of them have a good word for it. It is a friendless orphan. The men who made it find difficulty in defending it. Some of the best campaign documents that the Republicans now have are speeches made against the bill by such Democrats as Bourke Cochran, De Witt Warner, Tom Johnson, and others, when they know that the bill was to become a law, unless prevented by a veto.

A feature of the week has been the usual attempt of the Democratic leaders, at the close of the session, to make a showing of economy in the management of the affairs of the country. Democratic members of the Appropriations Committee rushed into print early this week with self made interviews in which they announced that the Democrats have made great reductions in the cost of running the Government. This statement, which would have been good enough if nobody had corrected it and shown up the true facts, was left in very bad shape by the time Congressmen Henderson and Cannon, Republicans, got through with it. The statement published by the Chairman of the Appropriations Committee claimed great credit for this Congress in having reduced the appropriations $25,856,987 as compared with last Congress. This is held up to the public as a great piece of Democratic reform. The fact however is that the apparent reduction is all caused by cutting down pension appropriations. By cutting off pensions, sending out detectives to hunt up petty charges against pensioners, or suspending men arbitrarily the Democrats in charge of the pension bureau have managed to cut down the amount of money required for pensions so that the pensions appropriations for the year are $141,581,570 as against $180,631,074 last year. Thus the reduction in pensions alone is $29,049,504 which is just about the amount of reduction in appropriations claimed by the Democratic members of the appropriations committee. So it seems that after all the pow-wow made about a reduction of expenditure by the Democracy in Congress the entire reduction on which they have succeeded in making is by cutting off pensions.

Much of the week has been spent by the Democrats anxiously waiting to see what President Cleveland would do with the tariff bill. They admit that they are not satisfied with the bill but they further admit that if it fails to become a law there is no hope of any further tariff legislation by this Congress. They are anxious to have the matter settled and be able to get home to their constituents and their districts. To be sure they hardly know what to say for out of their own mouths comes their own condemnation on the tariff, the silver, the Hawaiian position and in fact pretty much everything that has been before this Congress. Yet, they feel that they must get before the people and make the best story they can out of a bad job. Meantime the Congressional committees are hard at work. The Republicans find the speeches of many Democrats in denunciation of their own party course on tariff, silver and other matters extremely interesting and valuable campaign literature for Republicans and against the Democrats. President Cleveland's letter denouncing the tariff bill as perfidy and dishonor is of itself accounted the most valuable document. There is reason to believe that the voters this fall recognizing the danger of further tinkering with the tariff by Congress will elect a Republican House of Representatives which will stand as an impassible barrier against further damaging legislation on this subject.

Heart Disease 30 Yrs!

Short Breath, Palpitation.

Mr G W McKinsey, postmaster of Kokomo, Ind., and a brave ex-soldier, says: "I had been severely troubled with heart disease ever since leaving the army at the close of the late war. I was troubled with palpitation and shortness of breath. I could not sleep on my left side and had pain around my heart. I became so ill that I was much alarmed, and fortunately my attention was called to

Dr. Miles' Heart Cure

I decided to try it. The first bottle made a decided improvement in my condition, and five bottles have completely cured me."

G W McKINSEY, P M., Kokomo, Ind

Dr Miles Heart Cure is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at $1, 6 bottles for $5, or it will be sent, prepaid on receipt of price by the Dr Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

Two Lives Saved

Mrs Phoebe Thomas of Junction, Ill was told by her doctors she had Consumption and that there was no hope for her but two bottles Dr King's New Discovery completely cured her and she says it saved her life. Thos Eggers, 139 Florida street, San Francisco suffered from a dreadful cold approaching Consumption, tried without result everything else then bought one bottle of Dr King's New Discovery and in two weeks was cured. He is naturally thankful. It is such results of which these are samples that prove the wonderful efficacy of this medicine in Coughs and Colds. Free trial bottles at F. R. Foster and A. B. Armstrong drug stores. Regular size 50c and $1.00.

Sailed the Seas 38 Years

Capt A P Loud is a prominent resident of Hampden Me. For 38 years he sailed the seas and upon retiring from that calling was appointed by the U. S. government to superintend its interests in the Alaska seal fisheries, a position he held five years. In speaking of his experience, he says "For several years I was greatly troubled with nervousness, and a pain in the region of my heart. It was almost impossible for me to get rest and sleep. Physicians from New York to San Francisco did me no good, but Dr Miles' Restorative Nervine and New Heart Cure speedily and completely cured me. I owe my present and excellent health to them

Relief in Six Hours.

Distressing Kidney and Bladder diseases relieved in six hours by the "New Great South American Kidney Cure." This new remedy is a great surprise and delight to physicians on account of its exceeding promptness in relieving pain in the bladder, kidneys, back and every part of the urinary passages in male or female. It relieves retention of water and pain in passing it almost immediately. If you want quick relief and cure this is your remedy. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist Smethport, Pa.

The motto of the proprietors of Dr. Henry Baxter's Mandrake Bitters is, "the greatest good to the greatest number," and so sell a large bottle of a valuable remedy for the small price of 25 cents and warrant every bottle to give satisfaction or money refunded.

The Cross gardens and green houses in Bradford are for rent. These gardens are in excellent shape for raising vegetables for city market. The green houses are as near perfection as can be.

o16-tf   B. F. BUNDY.

Itch on human and horses and all animals cured in 30 minutes by Wolford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by A. B. Armstrong, druggist, Smethport, Pa.

W. F. SPECHT issues all kinds of Insurance policies, call on him when in want of any insurance.

A common cold should not be neglected. Downs' Elixir will cure it.

B.H&Co

Buffalo, Wednesday, Aug 29, 1894

A MAMMOTH STOCK OF NEW CARPETS

The Carpet trade has developed to such an extent as to demand entirely new patterns every little while—making a continual revolution of ideas. We're quick enough to keep sharp step with the manufacturer and get the latest results of the designer's skill fast as introduced. In this respect we're on a par with the leading Carpet stores the world over

New Fall Patterns are ready and styles are more attractive than ever before. Get among the

—New Axminsters
—New Wiltons
—New Moquettes
—New Velvets
—New Brussels
—New Ingrains
—New Oilcloths
—New Linoleums

and nearness will lend enchantment. Every kind of floor covering touched with every kind of color as sunlight touches a cloud wreath. We buy direct from the makers and are able to sell at the lowest prices of any one

If you have a new carpet in mind see what we can do. You really can't afford to carpet or refurnish your home without coming here to see all about styles, qualities and values

UPHOLSTERIES

This is a singularly fertile season for Curtains and Draperies. Every thing marks itself a notch higher, and—it's good storekeeping would have it—prices are lower. Even the cheapest are beyond the usual for originality

All manner of Housefurnishings are here where you can get at them. We never before had such a variety at prices you'll not be disposed to grumble at

Barnes, Hengerer & Co.

RACKET STORE

Our own plant for the manufacture of Men's Pants, Shirts, Blouses, Overalls, Boy's Knee Pants, etc etc, is located at Corry, Pa. It is equipped with the best, modern machinery and stocked with goods bought in the open markets for lowest spot cash. It is run by the best quality of brains that money can command. The operators are enlisted from Corry's native talent and already all are expert machine feeders. The completed garments are the weapons of victory with which we train day and night, seeking diligently that knowledge which constitutes the power to overthrow defeat and utterly rout all opposition. This way we quote prices lower than competition pays, 30 days, regular.

RACKET STORE,
OLEAN, N. Y.

Opens, 8 a m   Closes 9 p m

THE ART AMATEUR.

Best and Largest Practical Art Magazine.

FOR 10c ... 10c

FOR 25c ... MONTAGUE MARKS, 23 Union Square, N. Y.

FORD'S RED FRONT.

ALWAYS TO THE FRONT.

The Olean Clothier!

By Fair Dealing and Courteous Treatment our trade has steadily increased. When in Olean do not forget to call and see our stock of

Gents' Furnishing Goods,

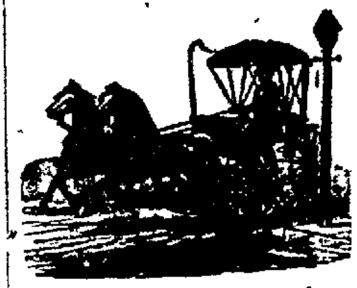
of the Latest Styles and Patterns. We are sure to please you. Prices to suit the times.

FORD'S RED FRONT.

Strictly One Price.

158 and 160 Union St.   OLEAN, N. Y.

Wagon & Carriage FACTORY.



Having leased the factory formerly operated by C. C. Warren, at Coudersport, Pa., I am now making all the needed improvements and enlarging the facilities for doing an extensive business

I am now manufacturing

Buggies. Road Carts, Platform, Lumber and Road WAGONS.

I make a specialty of three and four inch tired Wagons using only the best materials

Only the best workmen employed and all work will be under my personal supervision.

THOS. R. CRAFT,
COUDERSPORT, PA.

June 1st 1894

Smethport Mills,

C. E. BARRETT, Proprietor,

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

FLOUR FEED MEAL BOLTED MEAL, &C

Also in stock a fine line of flour, viz

PILLSBURY'S BEST, -	$1.30
GOLD BALL. - -	1.00

These goods have the reputation of being the best in the market for the money

CHICKEN FEED.

I have on hand and am constantly receiving a large stock of "Chicken Wheat" the best feed known for poultry. Don't fail to get some of this feed as you will receive better results from your poultry by using wheat than can be obtained from any other food

C. E. BARRETT.

Corner Mill and Mechanic sts

The Philadelphia Weekly Press and McKean County Miner one year, $1.75 in advance.

H. C. WELLS,

DRUGGIST AND PHARMACIST,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
Smethport, Pa.,

Dealer in all kinds of Pure Drugs, Chemicals, Trusses and all Appliances for Surgical use

Stationery of all kinds
A full line of Books
The finest line of Perfume I can buy
A full line of choice Cigars
Prescriptions carefully compounded by the only Graduated Pharmacist in the Town

H. C. WELLS,
SMETHPORT, PA

Opera House Drug Store
Public Telephone to all Points.

Albert Anderson

MANUFACTURER OF AND DEALER IN

FINE BOOTS & SHOES.

I have just received a line of Gentlemen's Footwear that merits the inspection of the public

Lumbermen's shoes a specialty

ALBERT ANDERSON,
OPERA HOUSE BLOCK,
SMETHPORT, PENN'A.

MOORE'S

No. 12 W. Mohawk St. Two doors from Main St. and Two doors from Star Theater
BUFFALO, N. Y.,
Have opened a branch of their
RESTAURANT, ICE CREAM PARLOR
AND BAKERY
AT LILY DALE,
Where they would be pleased to see all of their friends.
SPECIAL ATTENTION GIVEN TO
CATERING FOR WEDDING PARTIES

SPRING IN BRADFORD!

What we recommend has been time-tested. You can depend upon it. For eighteen years we have studied the market to get the best for the least. We buy enough to get things down. We sell as we buy, below everybody.

RUBBER PAINT.

A ready-mixed paint with plenty of India rubber in it. A paint that 3 times outlasts common paint, and always looks new, smooth, glossy.

No weather affects it, We have tested it for 15 years. $1 50 per gal.

SWEET'S BABY CABS.

For 8 years these Cabs have controlled the trade of this section.

Mothers have tried them and talked about them till now most mothers use no other. Novelty springs, a new patent brake and handsome designs for them all.

125 Styles.

VOGT'S REFRIGERATORS.

Remarkably cheap, yet you or we can't tell why. They touch perfection in circulation, ventilation and economy. They are wonderfully easy to clean. Yet cost like the commonest ice boxes that some makers make.

SOME NEW THINGS.

Pure aluminum is now being used for cooking utensils by everyone who sees it. Premier Egg Cups form a new way of cooking eggs. A new practical washing machine. New Bissell carpet sweepers, made in Vermillion wood.

CHAMBER SETS,
CHINA,
GLASSWARE,
SILVERWARE,
KITCHEN WARE,

HARDWARE,
MILL SUPPLIES,
STEAM FITTINGS,
OIL WELL SUPPLIES,
TOOLS. ALL KINDS

Nowhere so plentiful—Nowhere so cheap,

—AT AT—

L. EMERY, JR., & CO.,

EMERY & WEAVER.

43-45 Main St.   Bradford, Pa.

Wanted! Carload!

Have just Unloaded our Second Car of

DIANA and BONNIE DOON

- - FLOUR - -

and now we want a few more customers to help us unload.

We are the only firm in town that buys flour in car lots. This is one reason we give you finer flour at less price than our competitors.

WHEAT is advancing, and now is the time to buy.

Burlingame & Colegrove.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 16.

BOOKS, NOVELS.

If you want a Novel for 10c. go to McCoy's Drug Store.
If you want a Novel for 15c. go to McCoy's Drug Store.
If you want a Novel for 25c. go to McCoy's Drug Store.
If you want a Bible, Prayer Book Dictionary and all, Etc., go to

McCOY'S DRUG STORE,

ODD FELLOW'S BUILDING,
SMETHPORT, PENNA.

J. G. WILLIAMS,

FRESH & SMOKED MEATS,

POULTRY and OYSTERS,

Groceries & Provisions, Canned Goods, &c

The public are invited to make a careful inspection of my stock and prices.

J. G. WILLIAMS,

Main St., above Grand Central.   SMETHPORT, PA

THURSDAY, SEPT 6th, 1894.

ONE DAY ONLY, EACH VISIT.

DISTANT
NEAR
DISTANT
NEAR

FREE EYE EXAMINATION.

There is no safer, surer, or cheaper method of obtaining proper relief for overstrained and defective eyesight, headache and so forth than to consult ELLIOTT HOUSEWORTH, the eye specialist. The happy results from correctly fitted glasses are a grateful surprise to persons who have not before known the real profit to them of wearing glasses. NO CHARGE to examine your eyes. All glasses guaranteed.

ELLIOTT HOUSEWORTH, of Philadelphia,

SPECIALIST ON THE EYE.

AT THE STORE OF M. L. ARMSTRONG, JEWELER, MAIN ST., SMETHPORT, PA.

McKean County Miner.

[illegible] postoffice at Smethport as second-class mail matter

NOTICE TO SUBSCRIBERS

[illegible] your paper shows the time to [illegible] address of your paper or change [illegible] as well as the new one. [illegible] paper stopped, pay arrear [illegible] will continue liable if the [illegible] whether you take it from [illegible]

[illegible] get the paper regularly let us [illegible] a paper every week [illegible] with the mails when not re[illegible]

[illegible] other that for $1 75 we send [illegible] MINER and Philadelphia Weekly [illegible] year

[illegible] Pa August 31, 1894

[illegible] AND GENERAL

[illegible] at Kane this week of Burlingame and Coleman [illegible] at 12 m.

[illegible] MINER is under obligation to [illegible] North for public documents.

[illegible] to take in the great variety [illegible] the Kickapoos on Satur[illegible]

[illegible] to the dry weather we have [illegible] potatoes will be a very light [illegible]

[illegible] of Bradford was arrested for [illegible] battery and placed jail Wed[illegible]

Mr Stevenson, of Foxburg Pa [illegible] at St. Luke's on Sunday

[illegible] W N Y & P will run a train [illegible] burg from Smethport for $6 00 [illegible] trip

We understood from reliable sources [illegible] *Potter Democrat* will resume [illegible] shortly

[illegible] more carloads of Washington [illegible] Shingles just received by [illegible] & Gilfillan.

[illegible] J Brewer of Norwich has filed [illegible] for divorce from his wife, Han[illegible] Brewer

[illegible] celebrated soprano, Inez Mecusker [illegible] appear at Bradford, in September [illegible] new opera.

[illegible] fail to attend the Oaks base [illegible] dance at the opera house next [illegible] day evening

Marshall Bigler of Bradford was [illegible] surety of the peace and landed [illegible] Walker, Wednesday

[illegible] Bigler, of Bradford, was ar[illegible] in jail Wednesday for [illegible] quor without a license

[illegible] Port Allegany school board have [illegible] Prof Chas. B. Kelley of Brad[illegible] as principal of their schools

[illegible] hour of Evening Service at St [illegible] Church will be at 7 45 o'clock from [illegible] day and until after the Mission

[illegible] Oaks B B C have Ronan's full [illegible] of Bradford, for the dance next [illegible] day evening All should attend [illegible] the boys

[illegible] a number of our citizens re[illegible] home Thursday night from a [illegible] days sojourn with the Kaneites, [illegible] the Bucktail reunion

[illegible] W R C No. 23, and G A R [illegible] will hold an open meeting at [illegible] rooms, Thursday, Sept. 6 1894 [illegible] cordially invited to attend

[illegible] Holmes & Gilfillan have just re[illegible] three more carloads of Washing[illegible] Red Cedar Shingles. Prices very [illegible] It will pay you to look the stock [illegible]

Three tenement houses were gutted by a benzine fire on Main street, Brad[illegible] on Monday last. Fortunately the [illegible] were saved by the excellent work [illegible] firemen

The festival and dance given at Crosby [illegible] Friday evening under the auspices [illegible] Lent I O I M was well at[illegible] and everybody spent a most en[illegible] time The net receipts were $60

[illegible] at Farmers Valley on Sunday [illegible] consumption Henry Bishop, [illegible] years Funeral was held at Rose[illegible] on Tuesday afternoon He [illegible] a resident of Farmers Valley [illegible] years

Herman Wellman of Bradford at[illegible] to commit suicide on Tuesday [illegible] slashing his throat with a [illegible] Fortunately he failed to sever the [illegible] Financial trouble and drink [illegible] cause

[illegible] Oaks B B C, will give another [illegible] popular dances at Kittridge Opera [illegible] Wednesday evening Sept. 5th [illegible] enjoyed themselves royal enter[illegible] at their last dance and a large [illegible] expected

[illegible] W Crawford of Roulette, and [illegible] resident of Smethport, died at his [illegible] Tuesday morning The funeral [illegible] charge of the Knights Templars, [illegible] place on Thursday Further [illegible] next week

[illegible] music at St. Luke's Church on [illegible] Sunday morning will include Eyres [illegible] Sanctus, and an anthem [illegible] the Hart" from Spohr's ora[illegible] of the "Crucifixion." Services at [illegible] and 7 45 p m

The home of W H Robbins, near [illegible] Creek was entirely destroyed by [illegible] a few days ago while he and [illegible] wife were in Bradford on business. [illegible] of fire unknown Not an article [illegible] any kind was saved from the building [illegible] insurance.

A grand ball will be given at Kin[illegible] bridge, Monday evening Sept 10 by [illegible] Ames. The Crosby Band will fur[illegible] music. Dance tickets 10 cents or 3 [illegible] 25 cts. Supper will be served at 25cts [illegible] couple A good time in store for [illegible] who attend

It is a shame that young kids are [illegible] on the ball grounds to insult [illegible] teams, as was the case in Tues[illegible] game The management of the [illegible] should order the boys off from the [illegible] if they will not show proper re[illegible] to our visiting ball teams.

Died at Crosby, Monday night last [illegible] fever Mrs. Michael McDade, [illegible] years, leaving a husband and 3 [illegible] two boys and a girl to mourn [illegible] departure. The interment took place [illegible] Rose Hill Catholic cemetery, on [illegible] where the remains were fol[illegible] by a large concourse of friends.

[illegible] Lindsley, of the *Democrat*, [illegible] Bros. of Olean, a visit on [illegible] and made arrangements for pur[illegible] a beautiful crystal granite monu[illegible] be placed at the grave of his par[illegible] Lawrenceville, Pa., costing two [illegible] and fifty dollars. Mr Lindsley [illegible] the design and it will make a [illegible] memorial.

[illegible] our hurry last week we neglected [illegible] the ball given by the Young [illegible] Social Club It was one of the best [illegible] ever given in this town and re[illegible] credit upon the boys. This [illegible] not organized as a financial [illegible] but to arrange for giving a series [illegible] for the pleasure of those who [illegible] such things, and their first effort [illegible] successful, that we hope they will [illegible] give another ball. Everybody spoke highly of Claud Lefever's ice cream.

—We place before our readers this week a new adv. of the Racket Store at Olean. All persons visiting that thriving city, should not fail to call at the above business house and look over their extensive assortment of goods, and we can assure them all that they will receive goods at reasonable prices and courteous treatment all around.

—Mr Ford of Olean with his well-known Red Front, appears in another column this week, in an attractive adv Mr Ford, by energy and business tact has built up a very fine trade in gent's furnishing goods, and has a reputation that is well known throughout this whole section of country When in Olean do not fail to call at the "Red Front"

—Will Ostrander has a curiosity on exhibition that is very interesting He calls them "animated beechnuts." They are something the shape of beechnuts but of different sizes. When several are laid on box cover or any smooth surface first one and then another will jump up and turn over One of the shells was opened and a live worm found inside Do not fail to see them

—Below will be found the names of parties divorced at Tuesday's Court Angelica and John Atkinson of Farmers Valley Hattie and William Fleming of Bradford, Emma and Frank Hager, of Bradford Through the assistance of the Court they were enabled to slip their head out of the matrimonial noose, and will seek new fields of wedlock, only to be disappointed again

—A most despicable act was witnessed on lower Main street on Tuesday night, by a MINER attache A gang of men(?) were having fun" with an old veteran of the late war One of the party turned a hose on him and completely drenched him while the others stood by and seemingly enjoyed it. Such acts go to show the real character of a man that are anything but enjoyable even if the party abused is "slightly ziegrated" Another act of this kind and they will probably get more notoriety than they crave

Ezra Taylor went to Farmers Valley the early part of the week to shingle Will Young's barn The report reached us, but not well authenticated, that his mind was so firmly fixed upon the Renovo Smethport ball game, that in the heavy morning fog he forgot to turn and kept right on shingling out in the fog and finally dropped into Gifford's mill pond He says he kept right on pounding shingle nails into the water until Comrade Ryan stopped him at the bridge and started him to the ball ground, where he enjoyed the game very much

—The Potter County Democratic convention met at Germania (which by the way is the only place where beer can be legally purchased in the county) on Tuesday It was simply a matter of form they went through with, as after calling the roll a resolution was offered instructing the county committee to name the ticket to be slaughtered in November and then the convention adjourned to drive dull care away by the use of Germania stimulants It is reported that they had a *good* time and went home filled with lots of artificial enthusiasm

—"Some are born great, some achieve greatness and some have greatness thrust upon them" A little incident that occurred Thursday morning illustrates the above old proverb and shows how quickly the trumpet of fame spreads abroad a well earned reputation On that morning a party of gentlemen left Smethport to drive to Bradford Among the coterie was our distinguished agricultural fellow citizen, John Breneman of the Grand Central traveling incog but rumors of his coming had evidently preceded him for at Coleville a large turnip patch bore the following notice "Landlords and butchers are notified that as regards these turnips the free list is entirely suspended"

—F L Peck, superintendent of the Lackawanna Lumber Company, and Joseph Stevens both of Mina Pa were here on business Friday R D Hamlin and others own extensive tracts of valuable timber lands lying adjacent to Mina where the Lackawanna Company's mills were burned some time ago We sincerely hope the company will succeed in making the purchase as it will very materially aid the little village of Mina which was kept up by the large amount of lumber that was manufactured at that place It was a sad blow to Mina when the mill burned and unless this timber is secured chances are that the mill will never be rebuilt, and the little town of Mina will gradually vanish like our many oil towns in this section

Allegany River Baptist Association

The eighth session of the above association convened at Roulette on Tuesday and was one of the most interesting and successful gatherings ever held by that body There were full delegations from all the churches in the Association The opening sermon was preached by Rev G W Halliwell of this town and received close attention and many favorable comments.

At the conclusion of the sermon the following officers were elected Moderator Rev W R McNeil of Emporium Clerk F J Gilbert, of Smethport Treasurer, F K Winship, of Annin Creek The treasurer resigned before the session was over and P D Hopkins, of Smethport was elected treasurer for the ensuing year Excellent sermons were also preached by Revs. S F Dean of Port Allegany Rev J S Warren, of Eldred, and Rev E H Hovey of the Buffalo Association

The reports from the different churches told of good work and progress in the several departments of work

The next session will convene at Eldred

Republican County Committee Meeting

About twenty members of the county committee met in the parlors of the St James hotel, Bradford, on Thursday Owing to the Bucktail reunion at Kane, the southern part of the county was not very well represented Chairman Clark called the meeting to order in his usual straightforward business-like manner, when arrangements were made for carrying on the campaign Resolutions were adopted that an executive committee be appointed to assist the chairman in his work. Great enthusiasm prevailed during the meeting. Mr Clark is the right man in the right place and the political fight will be carried on vigorously to the end

G A R National Encampment and National Naval Association Pittsburg, Pa, Half Rates via Pennsylvania Railroad.

For the meeting of the National Naval Association to be held at Pittsburg, Pa., September 8th and the National Encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic to be held at the same place, September 10 to 15, the Pennsylvania Railroad Co. will sell to the public, from September 8 to 10, inclusive, round-trip tickets to Pittsburg and return at rate of *one lowest first-class fare for the round trip*, except from nearby points. These tickets will be valid for return passage until September 25 inclusive

Detailed information in regard to rates stop-over privileges, side-trip excursion tickets, &c., can be obtained upon application at ticket offices.

SOCIETY AND PERSONAL NOTES.

We would deem it a favor if those having friends visiting in this place would notify us by postal or by leaving a notice at this office.

Coroner Slocum was in town on Monday.

Mr and Mrs A. Reilly went to Buffalo Tuesday.

Mrs. Carrie Reilly returned home on Monday.

Mrs T D Nash paid Buffalo a visit Tuesday

R. K Golding was in Port Allegany on Monday

J E. Olds, of Crosby, had business in town Tuesday.

Miss Ora King returned from Bradford Thursday night.

W P Walsh paid Bradford a visit Thursday night.

W G Roberts of Eldred, was at the Central on Thursday

Commissioner Fessenden, of Potter Co., was here on Thursday.

C F Arnts, of Kinzua Bridge, was a caller at this office Monday

Capt. Thyng, of Olean, paid a flying visit to Smethport Tuesday

Judge Morrison and wife were in Kane Thursday with the Bucktails.

D M Brasted wife and daughter are visiting friends at Hornellsville, N Y

Mayor Franchot, of Olean passed through Smethport for Kane on Monday

Miss Mary Larkin, of Olean, has been visiting the Misses Walsh for a few days.

Mrs Emma Reilly returned from a two weeks visit with friends in Rochester

Mrs. Herrington, of Eldred has been visiting friends at Clermont for a few days.

Rev Father McAdams, of Emporium was a guest of Father Galligan on Monday night

J M McElroy and John Forrest arrived home from their eastern trip on Saturday evening

Ned Newman gave a pleasant party to his many young friends at the opera house Thursday night.

J H Desmond now traveling for W H Prentiss of this town, left his card on our table Wednesday

M L Church of Water Street, has been confined to the house for several days suffering with pleurisy

A J Axburg of Clermont, made us a pleasant call Wednesday, and planked down a years subscription

I D Horton, the Coudersport mason was confined to his bed at the Wright House, by sickness, on Monday

Mrs. B L Knapp and Mrs E J Brasted were guests of Mrs. E V Lewis at Rochester N Y the first of the week

F G Lindholm & Co have secured the services of Mr Sanford Fry, of Buffalo He comes very highly recommended

J M McElroy, John Breneman James McKean Geo W Mitchell J F Davis and Eave Kerns drove to Bradford on Thursday

Comrade Frank Wright, wife and two daughters went to Kane Tuesday night to participate in the Bucktail reunion at that place

C K Sartwell will be in Williamsport all of next week having been chosen a Grand Juryman in the U S Court sitting at that place

H W Burlingame returned Wednesday from Ludington Michigan, where he spent several months with his daughter He will read his own MINER for a year

Mr and Mrs Hawley of Buffalo were here last Friday the guests of Judge Morrison and family Mr Hawley has a preparatory school for colleges in Buffalo

A number of the young friends of Miss Myrtle Peck were entertained by the young lady's parents on Wednesday in honor of her birthday All present report a very pleasant time

Mrs. Owen Charles, of Sweden Valley with her sister Miss Simpson, of Wisconsin have been spending the week visiting friends at Eldred Clermont and other places in this section

Hon Willard White left for Warren where three of his children have been visiting their grandmother Mr White goes from there to Boston where the rest of his family are located

Miss Lydia Burlingame after being absent four months visiting relatives at Sugar Grove, Mich, returned Wednesday noon, being very much improved in health and enjoyed her visit greatly

Last Saturday Mr and Mrs J Abbey gave a birthday party for their little daughters Maud and Pearl The greatest attention was given to the comfort and pleasure of the twenty six little folks present

Last Friday a number of young ladies had a picnic in the neighborhood of the Devil's Den but owing to the fact that no brave boys were present, they failed to explore his majesty's domain Take the boys next time

Mr and Mrs Bosworth and Mr and Mrs Robinson of New York Mr and Mrs Robt. H Rose, of Binghamton N Y and Mrs McCandless went to Mt Jewett Tuesday morning to visit Mrs Merrill, who is spending a few days in that elevated town

Col E. A Irvin and wife, of Curwensville F F Kirk and wife, of Williamsport, Thomas Furlong and wife, St Louis, W H Rauch and wife, Philadelphia and Mrs. Fulmer, of DuBois, Bucktail pilgrims from Kane, were guests of com. R F Wright Thursday night

A Shocking Accident at Bradford.

Friday afternoon, about 3 o'clock, a shocking accident occurred at the Novelty works in which Lyman Hodges lost his life. In some manner unknown to any of the employes he fell in the wheel pit and his life was crushed out When discovered he was lying in the pit his head almost ground to a jelly and one arm torn from the socket The unfortunate man was aged about 35 years and he leaves a wife and one child to mourn his untimely death. He was a resident of the Sixth ward and employed in the capacity of engineer —*Record*

List of Letters

remaining in the postoffice at Smethport, Pa., for the week ending Aug 25, 1894

Bender Mrs Kate	Okerland, Gust
Cooper, Mrs. S. J	Pallott, Mr, E. H
Dewar, Flora D.	Schume Miss Grace
Mordof Carl	Williams, Miss Maud

Persons calling for these letters please say "advertised."

W P. WALSH, Postmaster.

Edinboro State Normal School

An effective training school for teachers. Excellent opportunities for music, Post Graduate Work, for preparing for college or for business education. Every department is thoroughly equipped The school has a large library, a good museum, a gymnasium, beautiful grounds and pleasant surroundings. The faculty is large and well qualified. Expenses moderate. Prospective teachers receive state aid. Expenses for a term of 16 weeks, including board, tuition, furnished rooms, lights, heat, etc., $49 to $52. Fall term begins Sept. 3, 1894. For catalogues and information address, Martin G. Benedict, A.B., Ph.D., Principal. 25-34

A Tribute to the Memory of Dr. Freeman.

"If there be one that o'er the dead
Hath in thy grief borne part;
And watched through sickness at thy bed—
Call his a kindred heart."

The above lines come forcibly to mind on reading the MINER'S obituary of Dr. Freeman. Evidently the writer of that biographical sketch has not been a recipient of the professional services of that ideal physician, has never witnessed his ministrations to the sick or suffering, never listened to the wonderfully modulated sweetly sympathetic voice, speaking words of hope or consolation, whilst the kindly eyes expressed even greater depths of tenderness and pity than the now silent lips uttered, for had he known more of the kindness and charity which characterized that remarkable man, no allusion would have been made to his life's blotted pages.

To me, his faults seem a background from which his innumerable good qualities shine forth resplendently Which one of us dare assert that our faults are less grave than those of him whose good qualities we might well attempt to emulate? Which of us practice anything approaching the Christian charity exemplified in his devotion to suffering humanity? All that is left to the countless people owing him gratitude and wishing to requite his goodness is to cherish the memory of one to whom the grave is more merciful than his fellow creatures—the grave which opened to receive him Ah! How true, that self-contained proud spirits such as his, suffer most acutely and that those who seem most indifferent are frequently the most sensitive It is strange, that more of us do not become hard, bitter, relentless, desperate, for it is only too true that those are chastisements that do not chasten, trials that do not purify and sorrows that do not elevate, there are pains that harden the tender heart without softening the stubborn will Of such are the sombre warp and woof of many an ill-starred life

There are people, professing to be Christians and followers of the meek and pitying Jesus, who would not only cut off all earthly hope for those whose faults some accident reveals but also the chances for heavenly happiness. Of such the world has its full share Many a so-styled Christian and church member might well have sat at the feet of Doctor Freeman and learned to be less unchristian less uncharitable He was outspoken in his denunciation of hypocrites and their pharisaical I am holier than thou' pretension To me, it is not strange that he was not attracted to churches where so many deeply dyed in guilt pose as saints one day out of the seven assiduously practicing all manner of sin the six remaining days.

Those who knew Doctor Freeman at all well, could not fail to be astonished at his profound erudition, the wonderful range of his reading and the remarkable memory which had garnered and stored such an amount of knowledge In my opinion there is no place in America to which he might not have aspired and reached had he been unhampered in certain directions which those who knew him most intimately will understand my allusion to. To the poor he was ever considerate, and I do not believe an instance could be given where he asked payment for professional services, much less tried to collect a fee which would entail the slightest inconvenience Naturally his leniency has been taken advantage of frequently The worthy poor will sincerely mourn the loss of a real philanthropist who was always ready to give his services without a question as to recompense

Sadly indeed will he be missed by numberless people to whom he was endeared for the tie is a strong one which binds the hearts of patients to a trusted honored physician To all

"Thus let my memory be with you my friends,
Thus ever think of me!
Kindly and gently but as of one
For whom tis well to be fled and gone—
As of a bird from a chain unbound
As of a wanderer whose home is found
So let it be

Larrabee, Aug 22 1894 K B

Be Careful What You Drink

Editor MINER

A case of typhoid fever recently occurred in the immediate vicinity of the creek from which the city water is supplied and above the reservoir I believe that I am but following a simple and imperative duty as a medical man in requesting you to publish the following report made in a similar case and asking its careful perusal by the people of this borough

An instance of the conveyance of typhoid fever by drinking water occurred in the town of Plymouth Luzerne Co Pa, of a population of 8,000 Twelve hundred people were effected, traced directly to the dejections of a single typhoid fever patient. The epidemic was carefully investigated by Drs French and Shakespeare who were appointed for this purpose by the Mayor of Philadelphia on May 7th 1885 The town of Plymouth is supplied with water from three sources first a mountain stream in the centre of which are four reservoirs formed by dams second the Susquehanna river third a great number of wells. It was positively demonstrated that the victims of the disease were to be found solely among those whose drinking water was obtained from the first mentioned source It may be well however to state here that it had been shown that the three lower reservoirs on the mountain stream which nine months of the year supplies Plymouth with water were on the 20th of March nearly empty In a dwelling on the sloping bank of the stream a little distance above the third reservoir and within 70 feet of the bed of the brook there was a case of typhoid fever running its course through January February and March During most of this period the ground was frozen and covered with snow During the illness of this patient the evacuations passed in the night were habitually carried out and thrown upon the snow toward the stream No attempt at disinfection having been made About the 25th of March a thaw began followed by slight rains and on the 26th of March the superintendent of the Plymouth Water Co inspected the reservoirs, and finding the two upper ones full that same evening caused the water of the third reservoir to be let down to the lowest reservoir and pumping from the Susquehanna ceased and the town was again entirely supplied from the mountain stream and thus nearly three months accumulation of infectious typhoid fever dijecta was suddenly washed with the melting snow into the brook and rapidly reached the lower reservoir and was thence distributed through the pipes and hydrants of the Plymouth Water Co., and fifteen days after this date the epidemic began and no other source of unusual pollution of the mountain water was discovered,"

According to Brouardel, ninety nine times in one hundred the disease is conveyed by drinking water No words of mine are needed to call further attention to the dangers that may result to our citizens from the exactly similar case that I have referred to. In conclusion I wish to impress most earnestly the necessity of boiling and filtering the water before using If one has no filter by all means boil it anyway as this is at least partial preventative of its probable ill effects

BURO CHADWICK, M D

LITERARY NOTES.

Mr Julian Ralph is now on his way to the Orient where he will make for Harper's Weekly and Harper's Magazine studies of the topsy turvy conditions upon the world's farther side. Upon his arrival in Japan he will quickly forward accounts of whatever he may witness of the war between that country and China, of the gathering of the naval representatives of all Christendom, and of the peculiar scenes attendant upon the war He will be met at Yokohama by Mr C D Weldon, the artist, who has long been familiar with Oriental life, and who will co-operate with Mr Ralph in this work. Among the open-air papers in the September Magazine is a description of "Early Summer in Japan," by Alfred Parsons, with eighteen illustrations.

To Those About to Build.

All persons about to build should call on or write to H A Button, architect and builder, Coudersport, Pa. Plans and specifications made on short notice. The best of references given.

It's all the same, a slight cold, congested lungs or severe cough. One minute cough cure banishes them. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Arnica and Oil Liniment is very healing and soothing, and does wonders when applied to old sores.

Just received at F. G. Lindholm & Co.'s store a fine line of Gent's furnishing goods.

TRIMMED BY RENOVO.

Smethport Loses a Hotly Contested Game. —The Oaks and Juveniles Win.

The Renovo vs Smethport game was the most exciting played at Hamlin Park this year Honors were even up to the fifth inning when the visitors lead by two runs. In the sixth we get five to their one giving us seven to their five In the seventh Fuller makes a "homer" with two men on bases and Smethport scores five to Renovo four, which made it look like a certain victory for our boys, but a little hard luck and heavy hitting in the eighth changed matters, Renovo scoring six after retiring our boys with but one run, the score standing 15 to 13 in the visitors favor The ninth was uneventful, our side being retired without a run, the Renovos didn't go to the bat The receipts were the largest yet taken in, being $100. Following is the tabulated form

RENOVO.	ab	r	1b	po	a	e
Pr[illegible]man, cf	5	0	1	0	0	0
Casidy	4	3	1	11	0	2
Day p and rf	4	1	2	0	3	0
Stout, ss	4	2	1	2	5	1
McCarthy 2b	5	2	1	2	4	3
Walsh lf	3	3	-	0	0	2
M Friel, 3b	3	3	1	2	0	1
W Friel, cb and p	5	0	2	0	2	0
Cody c.	5	0	0	7	0	1
Totals,	41	15	13	27	14	13

SMETHPORT	ab	r	1b	po	a	e
Koe[illegible] 1st	6	2	2	10	1	1
Tull p	6	0	0	0	3	1
T Young c	5	1	2	2	1	0
Knapp cf	5	1	0	1	1	0
H. Young rf	5	1	0	3	0	0
Hamlin 3rd	5	2	1	3	2	1
Burke, lf	5	2	2	1	0	0
Bell ss	5	2	1	0	2	4
Fuller 2nd	4	2	1	4	3	1
Totals	46	13	9	24	11	6

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Renovo	1	0	0	1	2	1	4	6	*	15
Smethport	1	0	0	1	0	5	5	1	0	13

Home run—Fuller
Three Base Hits—M. Friel McCarthy
Two base hits—Day 2, McCarthy Walsh, T Young, Burke 2.
Struck out—By Day 4, W Friel 1 Tull 1
Bases on balls—Off Day 1, Tull, 4.
Hit by pitched ball—Casidy
Passed balls—Cody 1 Young 1
Left on bases—Renovo 6 Smethport 7
Umpire—Kerns.
Time of game—2 hours.

The game between Coudersport and the Oaks here Tuesday proved an easy victory for the latter team Tom Morrison's batting being a feature—five hits with a total of eight bases Following is the summary

Innings	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	
Coudersport	4	4	1	0	1	0	1	1	[illegible]	13
Oaks	5	[illegible]	1	2	1	1	3	10	*	

Hits—Coudersport 14 Oaks 16.
Three base hits—Bentley Bell Sprague
Two base hits—Page 3, Morrison 2, Peirce, Mitchell
Struck out—By Page 11 Theige 6.
Base on balls—Off Page 13 Theige 2.
Passed balls—Cole 0 Pratt 4
Wild pitch—Page 2
Errors—Coudersport 11 Oaks 8.
Batteries—Coudersport, Page p Cole c, Oaks Theige p Pratt and Pierce c

The Benefit game played last Friday between the Oaks and Smethports was a decided success. The net proceeds were about $45 Tull and Young were the battery for the Oaks The Oaks won the game by a score of 16 to 13 Among the features of the game was the brilliant fielding of the Oaks especially that of Mitchell the center fielder and Gifford's sensational catches in right field for the Smethports

The National game has taken Smethport by storm and the people in our neighboring borough are enthusiastically proud of their home team It is well that it is so for there is no place in all of Pennsylvania or a part of York State that can boast of a more expert team of home grown ball players than Smethport can They have won nearly every game they have played and not only that they have won our county officials, including our Judge over to the side of this healthgiving pastime If every town had as good a ball team as Smethport has and its citizens took as deep an interest in the game as they do up there, people would be happier and live longer —Eldred *Eagle*.

Many of our citizens were at Smethport on Wednesday to witness the game of ball between the Smethport nine and the Oakdales of Buffalo The score resulted in nine to five in favor of Smethport The latter club is playing great ball this year and manager M L Armstrong has reason to feel elated over his efforts to make the Smethport athletics a powerful nine The *Reporter* extends its congratulations to Mr Armstrong and to the Smethport boys in general —Port Allegany *Reporter*

Our boys are not satisfied with the result of the Renovo game, handicapped as they were with two sick players, and arrangements are being made for another game next week between the two teams

With proper support, Page would have stood a better chance of winning Tuesday's game

The Juveniles tied up the Crosby team at the latter place Thursday Score 14 to 10

Overheard in the grand stand, Wednesday "Ma, is over the fence out?"

The Oaks brought forth ten acres in the eighth inning on Tuesday

G A R Notice

HEADQUARTERS
McKEAN COUNTY ASSOCIATION,
G A R

GENERAL ORDERS No 2

Smethport, Pa August 25 1894

I COMRADES—The President having been authorized by this Association May 26th 1894 to procure transportation to Pittsburg and return for its members to attend the National Encampment September 10th has performed that duty and secured a special train over the Buffalo Rochester and Pittsburg R R starting from Salamanca leaving Bradford Monday September 10th at 11 o'clock a m arriving in Pittsburg 5 40 p m The fare for the round trip will be $6 from Smethport

II Free quarters have been secured for members of the Association in the 15th Ward School Building each Comrade to provide himself with a blanket mattresses will be furnished Women will not be admitted but can secure quarters on application to Mrs Charles E Sherill, No 21 Kroll street Allegheny Pa

III Members of Posts Nos 158, 347 and 431 will take the 7 35 a m train from Smethport to Bradford and Post 350 will report at Bradford in time for the special 11 a m train September 10th Post No 238, will join us either at Mt Jewett or Johnsonburg

IV All comrades are requested to appear in full uniform in parade wearing the Grand Army badge and the badge of this association, and none other

V Post No 141 will furnish the flag for the parade

VI Let every member of this association turn out with their family and friends, as it is likely that this will be the only opportunity for many years that we will have to attend a National Encampment of the G A R so near our home

By Command,
R A DEMPSEY, President

Attest,
H M CHOATE, Secretary

Electric Bitters

This remedy is becoming so well known and so popular as to need no special mention All who have used Electric Bitters sing the same song of praise —A purer medicine does not exist and it is guaranteed to do all that is claimed Electric Bitters will cure all diseases of the Liver and Kidneys, will remove Pimples, Boils, Salt Rheum, and other affections caused by impure blood Will drive malaria from the system and prevent as well as cure all malarial fevers. For cure of headache, constipation and Indigestion try Electric Bitters.—Entire satisfaction guaranteed, or money refunded.—Price 50 cts. and $1 00 per bottle at F R. Foster's and A. B. Armstrong's Drug Store.

Notice.

McKEAN, SS, THE COMMONWEALTH OF PENNSYLVANIA TO THE SHERIFF OF SAID COUNTY

GREETING We command you, that you attach W M Page and John F McCormick late partners doing business as Page and McCormick late of your County, by all and singular their goods and chattels, rights, monies, and credits lands and tenements, in whose hands or possession sodver the same may be, so that they be and appear before our Court of Common Pleas, to be held at Smethport, in and for said County on the first Monday of October next there to answer Bodine and Walker now for use of George A. Bodine, of a plea in Assumpsit, and also that you summon W M Page and John F McCormick late partners doing business as Page and McCormick and the National Transit Company, and summon all persons in whose hands or possession the said goods and chattels, or any of them, may be attached, so that they and every of them be and appear before our said Court on the said first Monday of October next, to answer what shall be objected against them, and abide the judgment of the Court therein, and have you them and there this writ.

Witness, the Hon. A. G Olmsted, President Judge of said Court at Smethport the 17th day of August, A. D. 1894.

GEO. W. MITCHELL, Prothonotary,
W. H. MORRISON, Deputy.

Attest, A. B. WALKER, Sheriff 32-41.

AROUND THE COUNTY,

Interesting News from Various Localities Picked up by Our Regular Correspondents.

PORT ALLEGANY

Several veterans with their families attended the reunion of the Potter County Veteran Association at Coudersport last week, and all speak in terms of praise of their treatment by the above named organization and by the good people of Coudersport The reunion was held in the Gardner Grove, and the grounds were in beautiful condition A grand arch was erected at the entrance of the grounds bearing the motto, "Welcome to the Veterans" And indeed they were welcome in the words truest sense The reception committee, consisting of comrades Abram Goodnoe, E M Bishop and I R Toombs, were indefatigable in their labors in behalf of the visitors and the W R C of Coudersport are certainly the greatest of workers It has been well said, that the best way to reach a man's heart is by the way of his stomach, and surely the ladies of Coudersport filled the bill The large tables on the grounds were literally covered with the good things of life and meals were served there three times a day free to all Veterans and their families The weather was all that could be desired Thursday morning, the 23d inst, the citizens showed their patriotism by decorating their residences and business places with flags and bunting and soon after nine o clock the Ulysses Drum Corps put in an appearance The sound of martial music on the streets brought the people from their dwelling like bees from the hive and soon every street was well filled with a steady throng of people making their way to the grounds The Eldred Drum Corps arrived on the noon train and then the fun began in earnest At 2 o clock an address of welcome was delivered by Rev C T Edwards which was indeed a masterly effort Maj John M Kilborn responded in his usual happy manner, in which he reminded the veterans of the fact that the "Keys of Coudersport" had been placed in their hands and they were free to come and go eat, drink and be merry but said the Major, let us return the keys in good order and so conduct ourselves as to win the respect, if not the admiration of the people who have so cordially welcomed us He was followed by the Coudersport Glee Club, whose singing was very fine indeed The remainder of the day and evening was given up to open camp fires, and dancing in the pavilion Friday morning people were awakened from their slumbers by the booming of the cannon, which by the way is one that served at the battle of Gettysburg Breakfast was served on the grounds at 7 30, and at 8 30 the Drum Corps broke forth with the old familiar call, "Come and get your quinine" Dinner at noon, and at 1 30 p m the old veterans who had not attended the sick call and been excused from duty were formed in line and preceded by the Coudersport Band marched down town and about Court House Square followed by the artillery and the celebrated tribe of Red Men which organization have a reservation in Potter's thriving "Capitol" At 2 30, the grounds were literally packed with people, fully three thousand being present to listen to the stirring speech delivered by Tioga County's one legged veteran, Maj George W Merrick of Wellsboro, which brought forth cheer after cheer from the assembled veterans Capt Kinney, of Shingle House also made a few remarks which were very appropriate The Glee Club followed rendering the Red, White and Blue The balance of the day was given to music mirth and dancing which was kept up until a late hour Saturday morning opened fair and warm and soon people were again flocking to the grounds to listen to Rev C V Wilson, of Olean who delivered one of the finest, most touching and masterly addresses ever delivered to any gathering of old soldiers Having served his country three years with a musket on his shoulder, he knew whereof he spoke and soon tears were falling from the eyes of his old comrades and also from his own Such a handshaking as he received at the hands of his hearers, would have warmed the heart of the most famous statesman The remainder of the day was passed in pleasant intercourse and when camp was broken Saturday at six o clock p m, the comrades and friends departed to their homes, feeling that never before had they enjoyed themselves better at a county reunion

Mrs Isaac Viner, whose illness was mentioned in our last letter, died at the residence of her daughter, Mrs A S Tillibridge, on Thursday evening last, aged 89 years Funeral services were held at the house at 3 p m Sunday, Rev A Armstrong officiating A large circle of mourning friends and relatives following the remains to her last resting place in the Village cemetery

Dr Follett, of Olean, was here last Thursday in consultation with Dr J S Otto in the case of Isaac Golding who is very low with typhoid fever

Ferry Manning, who was severely injured a few days ago by a kicking horse, is reported as resting comfortably

Miss Almeda Larrabee is visiting her sister at Coudersport Mrs I G. Kendall

KANE.

On last Saturday afternoon near North Kane the body of Walt Dalrymple was discovered by Edd Fratt, pinned between two logs his life crushed out and neck and back broken The deceased was skidding logs with a yoke of oxen on a steep hillside No person was with him when killed, and it is supposed from the position in which he was found and where the canthook lay that he started the logs and was caught and knocked down and pinned against the pile of logs he had skidded up He was aged upwards of fifty years and unmarried He was employed by Campbell & Sons as a teamster several years at alternate times He was a soldier in the rebellion and formerly resided in Warren county The remains were sent to his brother in Pittsfield, for interment

In business here there is a sharp improvement noticeable A considerable revival in our industries The glass works will start in two weeks, Campbell & Sons butter box and veneer factory is running and large orders are coming in Our business firms claim that the dawn of better times has reached Kane

Hon C W Stone M C passed Kane on Tuesday, en route for his home in Warren He said to the MINER representative that "the Democratic party has betrayed its promises to the people and the party is doomed for all time with nothing, only sore trials and certain defeat in store for the party and its leaders

Postmaster Griffiths retires on Friday and is succeeded by J H Grady Miss Ada Miller of Smethport, is his assistant, and if her record as a teacher in our schools in the past is a criterion for efficiency then Mr Grady has made an excellent choice

The large barn of Ed Lair, at Carlo, was destroyed by fire Saturday night, with a lot of hay, oats and farming implements. Loss, $1,000 with no insurance The fire was of incendiary origin, no doubt

Aaron Anderson, of West Kane, lost his 4 year old daughter, by cholera infantum on Sunday Interment on Monday in the Union cemetery

All men are waiting to see whether American ingenuity, enterprise and skill will win under the Gorman tariff bill

MT. ALTON

John and "Ted" Donavon, of Campbell town N Y came here last week and are looking after the business of their deceased brother James

A little boy arrived at the home of Charley Ward last Thursday Now Charley is happier than ever and cigars are plenty

Mrs I T Lenox returned on Saturday, from a stay of five weeks at the Rochester hospital, much improved in health

Mrs Hiltan expects to move to Randolph next week with the intention of making that town her permanent home.

The Bon Vien Chemical factory is nearly completed, and work at the Tantor factory will soon commence

Miss Tressie O'Connell returned on Saturday, from a visit with friends at Hornellsville, Elmira and Wellsville.

Misses Ella Beacom, of Randolph, and Jessie Gapin, of Bloomington, Ill, are spending a week here

Mr and Mrs Harder, of Port Allegany, were guests of S S Washburn last week

Chet Burdick, of Smethport, was a visitor to our town last Thursday

Peter Wagner and wife enjoyed the grand cur of Ontario Beach last Sunday

Miss Kate English, of Wellsboro, is visiting relatives here

Mesdames Harding and Graff were at Bradford, Thursday

It not only relieves: it does more, it cures. We refer to One Minute Cough Cure. Suitable for all ages all conditions, at all times. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

For bilious headache and all other conditions resulting from constipation, go by the book on Beecham's pills.

Book free, pills 25c. At drugstores; or write to B F Allen Co, 365 Canal st, New York.

Gent's furnishing goods at F. G. Lindholm & Co.'s.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework Inquire at residence, West King street. MRS. JOHN N. APPLE.

I hereby offer my farm of 100 acres in Corydon township for sale, or exchange for city property in Bradford.
H. F. BUNDY.

F. G. LINDHOLM & CO.

Something New Every Week

We have secured the agency for the W. L. DOUGLAS

SHOES

and are now prepared to show you the latest styles in these good.

IT IS A DUTY you owe yourself to get the best value for your money. Economize in your Footwear by purchasing the Douglas Shoes A guarantee goes with every pair of them. They cannot be beat. Call and see the new styles. This week we open another lot of Wash Good, New and Stylish Patterns. Our grocery department is full of good thing. 1 pound Vienna Baking Powder and a handsome picture for 50 cents.

F. G. LINDHOLM & CO.

220 Main St, Smethport, Pa.

BOSS GROCERY

Save Your Money by Buying Your

GROCERIES

OF US AT

CASH PRICES!

We buy for cash and sell for cash, and can afford to sell on a much smaller margin of profit than stores which are doing a large credit business Call in and get our prices, and having tried us once, you will come again.

We keep on hand and are constantly receiving a large stock of

CANNED GOODS,
GROCERIES,
PROVISIONS,
FRUITS, ETC.

E. M. ROBERTS,

The Boss Grocer,

MAIN ST.

Below Chautauqua House
n33-131

J. N. Adam & Co.

DON'T COME
TO
BUFFALO
UNTIL
SEPT 15TH.

'TIS almost too late to buy summer goods now, and you do not want to do your fall trading until you can get the latest and best of everything, and make your selection from the complete lines.

September 15th, we will be ready for you, with

- FALL MILLINERY,
- FALL CLOAKS,
- FALL DRESS GOODS,
- NEW CARPETS,
- WINTER DRAPERIES,
- AUTUMN UNDERWEAR,
- MEDIUM-WEIGHT SHOES,
- NEW GLOVES,
- AUTUMN NECKWEAR,
- WINTER BLANKETS,

and a very large variety of new goods in all the other departments.

Many of these goods are in the store already, but out-of-town folks, who have railroad fares to pay must do their sight-seeing and buying the same day. So wait until September 15th, if you can, and then come to us with the pleasant conviction that what you don't see at our store is not worth looking for.

J. N. Adam & Co.,
555-559 Main Street,
BUFFALO, N. Y.

TOWER SHOE STORE OLEAN, N.Y.

Machinery and low prices are crushing the life out of the high cost shoe trade. The chief difference between hand sewing and the best machine sewing is the greater perfection of the latter.

It is surprising what good shoes $3 or $4 will buy. The "hard times" have set men to trying them.

We have the best shoes these several prices will buy, and a guarantee goes with every pair.

BLOODSWORTH & CO.,

Olean, N. Y.

H. W. RUBIN & CO.

(AT THE OLD STAND)

ARE NOW READY TO SHOW THE PUBLIC
A COMPLETE LINE OF

SPRING CLOTHING SPRING

CONSISTING OF

Men's, Boys' and Children's Suits

OF THE LATEST PATTERNS AND STYLES.

Prices are as LOW as they can be bought in the City, while the quality is GUARANTEED. Money refunded if not as represented.

Also carry in our MERCHANT TAILORING Department the most complete stock of Foreign and Domestic Goods.

A PERFECT FIT GUARANTEED AT ALL TIMES!
SUITS MADE UP ON SHORT NOTICE!

We carry a FULL LINE of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Men's Shoes, &c.

AT THE OPERA HOUSE STORE

WE CARRY A FULL OF LINE
READY-MADE CLOTHING, DRY GOODS, LADIES AND CHILDREN'S SHOES, &c.

MONEY!
MONEY!
MONEY!
SAVED AT THE

HOO-HOO.

LUMBER YARD!

By HOLMES & GILFILLAN, Smethport, Pa.

Washington Red Cedar

Pine and Hemlock--Very best

Flooring, lath, ceiling, siding, windows, doors, mouldings of every description, anything furnished in the building line.

CALL! and see their stock. 10 car loads of furnishing stock just received; more coming daily. Their stock will please you. Mail orders promptly shipped.

NEW GOODS! NEW GOODS!

RECEIVED DAILY AT THE STORE OF

D. C. YOUNG.

SUMMER GOODS!

In great Profusion.

THE FINEST LINE OF WHITE GOODS

Ever shown in this Place.

ALL THE SPRING NOVELTIES IN DRESS GOODS,

And, in fact, everything ever kept in a GENERAL STORE
New line of SHIRT WAISTS from 50 cents up.

SMETHPORT, PA., May 16, 1894. D. C. YOUNG

FIRST IN AUTUMN SELECTIONS.

Fall Stocks being received and opened for the trade.

NEW GOODS AT LOWER PRICES.

New Dress Serges and Dress Goods of latest patterns, Ginghams, Calicos, Muslins &c.

Hosiery of the latest styles, and warranted Fast Colors.

Underwear of many varieties. Toweling, Towels, Tabling and Napkins.

Millinery: New Sailors and other articles, the first of the season, and at prices to suit the times.

MRS. T. D. NASH.

Smethport, Pa., Aug. 30, 1894.

A BIG WASH

Has no terrors for the woman who uses

OAK-LEAF SOAP

It takes out the dirt without injury to the clothes or the hands. As a labor saver it excels any washing machine ever invented. Try it. Sold everywhere. Send for Catalogue of beautiful Pictures.

GOWANS & SONS, BUFFALO, N. Y.

NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE

AND

The McKean County Miner,

ONE YEAR,

One Dollar and Fifty Cents.

Address all Orders to the Miner.

Complexion Preserved

DR. HEBRA'S

VIOLA CREAM

Removes Freckles, Pimples, Liver-Moles, Blackheads, Sunburn and Tan, and restores the skin to its original freshness, producing a clear and healthy complexion. Superior to all face preparations and perfectly harmless. At all druggists, or mailed for 50cts. Send for Circular.

VIOLA SKIN SOAP is simply incomparable as a skin purifying Soap, unequaled for the toilet, and without a rival for the nursery. Absolutely pure and delicately medicated. At druggists, Price 25 Cents.

G. C. BITTNER & CO., TOLEDO, O.

MONEY TO LOAN.

Loans made from $100 to $20,000 on Personal or Real Estate security. No publicity. Loans can be returned in small monthly payments or retained for a term of years to suit borrower. A loan from this Company will not injure the financial standing of any individual or firm. No bonus. Interest 6 per cent annually. Money loaned for any purpose, such as to increase or enter business, to pay off mortgages, judgment notes, to build or purchase property, or in fact for any purpose that money may be desired. Address, Central Trust Company of Pa., 1330 Arch Street Philadelphia, Penna.

FRAZER AXLE GREASE

BEST IN THE WORLD.

Its wearing qualities are unsurpassed, actually outlasting two boxes of any other brand. Not affected by heat. GET THE GENUINE.

FOR SALE BY DEALERS GENERALLY.

GO TO

ROONEY'S MARKET

Wholesale and Retail

—FOR A—

Nice Piece of Meat

Fresh, Salt or Smoked.

—FOR—

FRESH & SALT FISH

—AND FOR ALL—

FRUITS AND VEGETABLES.

I will also pay the highest price for

STOCK AND HIDES

CALL AND SATISFY YOURSELF

Nearly opposite Catholic church Main st.

J. F. ROONEY.

JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT

UNLIKE ANY OTHER.

STRICTLY

For FAMILY Use.

Dropped on sugar suffering children love to take it. Every Mother should have it in the house, it quickly relieves and cures all aches and pains, asthma, bronchitis, colds, coughs, catarrh, cuts, chaps, chilblains, colic, cholera morbus, earache, headache, hooping cough, inflammation, la grippe, lameness, mumps, muscular soreness, neuralgia, nervous headache, rheumatism, bites, burns, bruises, strains, sprains, stings, swellings, stiff joints, sore throat, sore lungs, toothache, tonsilitis and wind colic.

Originated in 1810 by the late Dr. A. Johnson, Family Physician. Its merit and excellence have satisfied everybody for nearly a century. All who use it are amazed at its wonderful power.

It is safe, soothing, satisfying; so say sick, sensitive sufferers. Used Internal and External.

The Doctor's signature and directions on every bottle. Ill'st'd Pamphlet free. Sold everywhere. Price, 35 cts. Six bottles, $2.00. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., Boston, Mass.

YELLOW

Are a symptom of Jaundice, Dyspepsia, Constipation, Biliousness, Liver Complaint.

DR. BAXTER'S MANDRAKE

BITTERS

will cure the disease and remove yellowness from skin and eyes. Warranted to cure. Sold everywhere at 25 cts. per bottle.

For Sale by H. C. Wells.

BROWNELL BROS,

SMETHPORT, PA.,

Announce to the people of Smethport and vicinity that their stock is now complete and embraces many

Novelties in Every Department,

Designed for the

EVERY-DAY-TRADE.

OUR EPICUREAN DEPARTMENT is supplied with all the leading brands of Canned and Bottled Good, including fruits, vegetables, meats, soups, etc.

OUR DRY GOODS DEPARTMENT embraces all the latest fabrics in Dress Goods, White Goods, Table Linens, Damasks, &c.

OUR SHOE DEPARTMENT can not be beat. Fine Shoes for Ladies' Misses' and Children's wear. Also Men's Youths' and Boys' Boots and Shoes of every description.

We have also in stock a full line of Hats and Caps, Gents' Furnishing Goods, Gloves and Mittens.

Manufactured by SWANTON SUSPENDER CO. SWANTON VT. KEEP YOUR PANTS ON with the ATWOOD SUSPENDER

We are sole agents of the above Suspenders.

Groceries and Provisions and the Best Brands of Flour in the Market

Long Tales

told about manure won't raise paying crops. Baugh's manure is all manure. A ton of good manure costs no more than a ton of poor manure. Write for samples and information.

BAUGH & SONS COMPANY,

Manufacturers of RAW BONE MANURES,

20 South Delaware Avenue, Philadelphia.

CATCHING JEWFISH.

ANGLING FOR MARINE MONSTERS IN SAN DIEGO BAY.

The Process Is of the Progressive Kind. The Part Toothpicks Play—The Run With a Keg. Members of the Bass Family That Weigh Hundreds of Pounds.

Don't talk to a man from southern California about black bass fishing, or he will make your best bass story a feeble, pitiful thing. He will tell you of black bass that could swallow the biggest day's catch you ever made and take in your creel for dessert without as much as gulping. Voice a doubt, and the man from San Diego will pull from his fishing traps something that looks like a one fluked ship's anchor. That is what he fishes with for the strange, monstrous black bass in the bays and about the islands of the southern California coast. They don't call them black bass down there, though the fish commissioners say they are, and the naturalists have identified them by fins and bones and form with the gamy two and three pounders that make men fickle even to trout.

The men who catch these fish that sometimes weigh 1,000 pounds call them jewfish—a corruption of junefish. The last is a translation of one of their Mexican names. Probably they were called junefish from the fact that they are plentiful along the shores in the late spring and early summer. No matter how he got his name, the jewfish is a wonder. He looks like a bass fisherman's nightmare when they get him out of the water. Every fin and mark is there, magnified out of all proportion. His scales are as big as half dollars, his mouth is a gaping chasm, and the spikes of his dorsal fin are bigger than tenpenny nails.

The process of catching a jewfish is a progressive and interesting one. The fishers begin at the beginning. With bent pins or dip nets they look for minnows or sardelles. The quarry secured, it promptly becomes bait, and the concourse is treated to smelt fishing. Then comes the smelt's turn in the succession. He is impaled, and the fisherman, with a heavier rod and a larger hook, goes to the other side of the wharf for a halibut or a sea bass.

When the bait, dead or alive, is ready, the stoutest armed man on the wharf picks up the line. He swings the two or three pounds of bait around his head like an Indian does the bolas and hurls it seaward. The great line, as thick as a lead pencil, coils out after the hook, and that is nearly all until the fish comes along.

Incidentally toothpicks play quite a part in the fishing. Each fisherman takes a handful with him when he leaves the breakfast table. They stick one in a crack at the top of a pile and loosely loop the line around it. The shore part of the line is coiled on the wharf, and the end is fast to an empty powder keg or some such thing that will float well. On the toothpick is stuck a bit of white rag, and as half a dozen or a dozen lines are used at once there is a string of these little signal flags all along the dock. The fisherman has nothing more to do for awhile than to watch the flags. When one goes down, it means that something has taken the bait. After gathering in the barracouda heads or the impaled halibut the jewfish starts away like the locomotive on a fast express. Down goes the signal flag. Everybody around runs for the line. They know they can't hold the fish, but the resistance makes it harder for him and helps them to tire him out—the ultimate object. The great fish does not struggle at first, but moves steadily seaward, pulling the line through the men's hands. Occasionally, when the fish weighs less than 200 pounds, they can tire him out without paying out all of the line, but usually it all goes, and presently the struggle is transferred to the water. The empty powder keg bounces over the water most erratically, the men chase it in a boat, and when they catch it hold on. Then the real fun of jewfishing begins. It is just sport for a fish of any size to tow a whitehall around the bay, and it is pretty rough sailing in his wake. As soon as he realizes that there is a fight on the jewfish seems to forget that he is a staid bottom fish. All the steam of his black bass ancestors gets riley, and he plunges and turns, twists and strikes. Somewhere down in the cavern of his gullet he has an arrangement of bone like a couple of millstones, and when he discovers he cannot spit out the hook he tries to swallow it and grind the line apart, so the slack has to be carefully attended to. There are some tremendous fish in San Diego bay, and though the hooks are made of hand forged tool steel they have snapped many of them.

If everything goes well, if the hook holds and the fish does not grind the line, if he steers away from submerged buoy chains and docks, the fight must end in the death of the fish. Sometimes he tows the boat for three hours before his strength is gone and he is hauled to the surface. The death struggle is worst of all. The fish is dragged to the top and lies there, apparently all but dead. Then they drive a harpoon into him, and the sting of the steel starts all his life again. The harpoon line holds him near the surface, and he makes a great race for a little while, but, of course, it cannot last. At the end the fish is towed back to the dock, and there the floating population of San Diego is assembled. Everybody gets hold of a rope and hoists the giant fish upon the dock, and there the tired monster flounders, its mouth gaping like a tunnel and its eyes, big as baseballs, starting from their sockets.—San Francisco Examiner.

It Cures Cancer.

Some years ago the state department at Washington received through the minister of Ecuador to the United States specimens of a plant known as condurango, found in the province of Loya, in Ecuador, to which marvelous qualities in curing cancer were ascribed. The physicians in South America experimented on this substance and reported most wonderful cures. Its virtues are said to have been discovered by accident. An Indian had been suffering fearfully for a long time from internal cancer, and his wife undertook to relieve him by shortening his life by poison. For this purpose she selected the condurango, making a decoction of the bark. To her astonishment the first dose appeared to benefit the patient, and by the continuance of this remedy he was completely cured in a short time.—New York Advertiser.

Cost of Electric Cooking.

It has been shown by recent experiments that there is practically no difference in cost between cooking by electricity and by coal, while the advantages of the former method in point of comfort, cleanliness and safety are considerable. Of every 100 tons of coal burned in an ordinary cooking stove 96 tons are, it is said, practically wasted, whereas with electricity the expense is not so much on the fuel as on labor and interest on machinery.—Invention.

A Bottle Stopper.

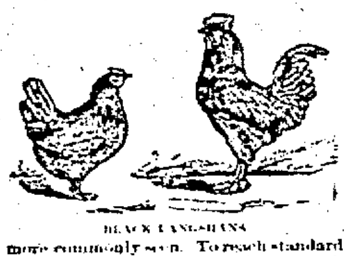
If you want a stopper for a bottle of acid or any substance that would naturally call for a glass stopper because of the danger that the cork would be eaten up by the contents of the bottle, take the cork and steep it in vaseline. It will then be impervious to acids of any kind, and no action of chemicals will decay it. It will, in fact, be as good for all purposes as a glass stopper.—New York Dispatch.

FARM AND GARDEN

LANGSHAN FOWLS.

There Are Two Varieties of This Breed, the Black and the White.

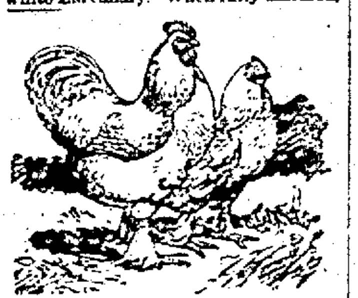
The Langshan fowl appeals not only to the practical farmer, but to the fancier as well. Two varieties of the breed are now quite well disseminated throughout the United States—the black and white—though the black Langshan is much the more popular and more commonly seen. To reach standard weights cocks of this breed should reach 9½ pounds, cockerels eight, hens seven and pullets six pounds. These weights place them in the rank midway between the lightest and heaviest of our breeds of poultry.



BLACK LANGSHANS.

The plumage of the black Langshans is of a uniform glossy black. In appearance they somewhat resemble the Cochin. Their flesh is white, and they have a very thin white skin. Their meat is fine grained, rich and juicy. The bones of the Langshans are very small. The breast is long and deep, giving an abundance of the white breast meat. The Langshan is hardy.

California has the honor of originating and breeding, in its purity, the white Langshan fowl. When first hatched, the chicks are a bluish white on the back, with throat and breast white and canary. When fully matured, the plumage is pure spotless white, legs bluish slate, with vivid pink showing through. The feet are bright pink, the combs, ear lobes and wattles vivid red. The combination of colors is remarkably handsome. In their general characteristics they are identical with the black Langshans.

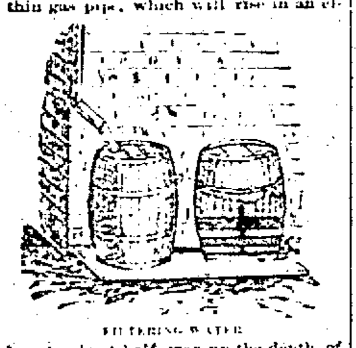


PAIR WHITE LANGSHANS.

A mottled and a blue variety of Langshans are also bred in a few quarters, the former having been undoubtedly formed by crossing the black and white and likely to revert to one side or the other. Fanciers place particular stress in breeding Langshans upon securing "style" in the carriage of the birds, a high station and great length of tail. The Langshan matures more rapidly than the Cochin, has a finer quality of flesh and is more prolific in egg production.

A Cheap Filter.

A filter within the reach of all is one contrived with two casks. Fill the one into which is inserted the spout or inflow of water about half full of alternate layers of gravel, charcoal and pebbles—a layer of gravel first, next six inches of charcoal, then pebbles, then charcoal again, then a few larger stones. From the bottom of this cask to the bottom of the next have a connection of thin gas pipe, which will rise in an elbow to about half way up the depth of the second cask. The cask is filled with gravel and charcoal, just the same as the first. Thus the water is conveyed from the first cask to about half way up the second cask, and as it falls by its gravity undergoes a second filtering. At the bottom of this cask the water, now twice filtered, is drawn off for use. Water from a pump, whether from a well, river or tank, may be as readily filtered in this manner as rainwater.



FILTERING WATER.

The Cheapest Source of Potash.

In the United States muriate of potash is the cheapest source of potash in every state except two. These are Delaware and New Jersey. In each of these kainit is cheaper than the muriate. In Maryland the price of potash in kainit comes very near to the price in the form of muriate. The farther you go from the coast the more kainit will cost. In Minnesota, for example, a pound of potash in the form of kainit will cost 7.52 cents, while in muriate the cost is only 5.13 cents per pound and in sulphate of potash 6 cents.

Items of Local Interest.

Edmund Williams, Montclair, N. J., whose death is deplored by horticulturists throughout the country, was one of the founders of the New Jersey State Horticultural society. He served as secretary during the first 15 years of its existence and more recently as president. He was also a life member of the American Pomological society and one of the vice presidents of that old and important organization.

Under the Connecticut peach yellows law Commissioner I. M. Hubbard and his 26 deputies will visit every known peach tree in the state between July 15 and Sept. 1. Each tree found to be infected with the disease will be designated with a card, "To be destroyed." The tree must then be burned within 10 days under a penalty of a fine of from $100 to $500.

Small fruit culture is on the increase in Maine. This is particularly true of strawberries, raspberries, gooseberries and blackberries. Plum orchards have in many cases made fine returns.

Crimson clover may follow grain or grass as well as cultivated crops.

At the New York Cornell station different soils influenced the percentage of sugar less than the variety.

American Fodder Bricks.

These bricks are of crushed oats, corn and chopped hay—fodder which was brought to the attention of several prominent horsemen who visited the United States during the Chicago fair. The recent action of the British government in ordering a large consignment of compressed fodder or fodder bricks from the United States is likely to open up a large trade in this commodity.

The South African British colonies had in 1840 a population of 140,000. At present it is 1,800,000, with a business of £17,000,000 and 1,860 miles of railway.

THE OAT CROP.

Its Increasing Importance—Use Grain From Oat Producing Centers For Seed.

Oats have been climbing up in value so fast that they have greatly outdistanced both wheat and corn. Farmers that have oats in abundance to sell today may consider themselves fortunate. For a year or two past some of the most progressive agriculturists have foreseen the ultimate outcome of the large crop yields of corn and wheat and the comparatively small crops of oats and hay. Oats after this year will hold a more prominent position in the eyes of grain growers than ever before, and instead of talking nothing but corn and wheat there will be many to ask the question, "What's the matter with oats?"

Some farmers will say that oats sap the soil so that it does not pay to raise them, but it is much better to raise oats and fold manures to the soil than to raise corn and wheat at a loss. Then what is wrong about alternating with oats and grass and clover so that the green manure can add to the land what the oats take from it? Hay, like oats, is a crop that is looming up on the horizon as the most important crop raised, and with these two popular crops continually growing no farm need be run down. The demand for oats this season over that for corn and wheat simply shows the tendency of the relative importance of the three grains in the future, says an eastern correspondent of American Cultivator, who adds a hint about selection of seed. He says:

In selecting the seed for oats the heavy ones from the oat producing centers should be obtained. The seeds that come from the northwest are heavy, clean and very meaty. When planted on good soil and properly cultivated, every bushel turns the scales at 40 pounds or a little over. When one realizes that it is the heavy oats that tell in the market, it would pay one to buy such excellent seed, even though there is enough in the bin to satisfy all needs. Moreover, this heavy seed of the north and northwest is backed up with the recommendations of many of the experiment stations, whose motives in investigating such matters we must accept as unbiased. It may be well, however, to take all of the stories about the wonderful yields with a slight discount.

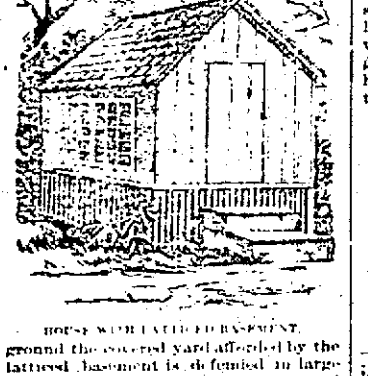
Plants Suited to the Silo.

Experiments of the Pennsylvania station undertaken to determine the effect of the fermentation which takes place in the silo show that, while the crude fiber of the plants ensilaged becomes more digestible, there is loss in both starch and albuminoids, the latter being especially affected. This is no argument against the silo, for all curing processes are attended with loss. No hay is as good as the grass from which it is made. Corn stover is not equal to the green stalks and blades, and it is neither a matter of surprise nor of objection that ensilage should suffer loss in passing through the silo. But while the investigation does not militate against the use of the silo it does confirm the popular estimate as to what plants are most suitable for preservation by that process. Albuminoids suffering the greatest loss by fermentation, it follows that those plants richest in albuminoids are least suitable for ensilage. Clover, pea vines and other legums, being rich in nitrogen, are less perfectly preserved than corn, and in proportion to their original value are less valuable as silage. This is in conformity with popular practice, for while both clover and pea vines are, to some extent, used for ensilage the great crop for preservation in this way is the corn crop.

Poultry House For Small Yard.

In country towns and elsewhere when poultry runs are limited a house with latticed basement will be found to have many advantages.

First of all, by building the house over the ground instead of on it space is economized. Besides the economy of ground the covered yard afforded by the latticed basement is defended in large measure from rain, snow, sun and wind. The house, which in summer will be cool, may be rendered warm in winter by a thick layer of straw. The illustration is from Stoddard's Poultry Architecture.



HOUSE WITH LATTICED BASEMENT.

Clipping the Wings of Queens.

"Do you clip your queens' wings? What are the advantages or disadvantages of the practice?" The foregoing queries were answered by a number of apiarists through the columns of The American Bee Journal. Their replies made it appear that the beekeepers are about equally divided on the subject. Among those who did not clip the wings were C. H. Dibbern and J. E. Pond, who use drone and queen traps. E. Secor, who had tried it, summed up the subject of advantages—first, age of the queen more certainly known; second, swarm more easily hived. The disadvantages—first, trouble to hunt and clip.

Among the advocates for clipping was R. L. Taylor, who said: The advantages are that swarms are managed with much less care and labor, and by no chance can any swarms elope with a clipped queen. There are no disadvantages, except the slight labor of clipping them. C. C. Miller said that he liked to have his queens marked so they can't be changed without his knowing it. A clipped queen can't fly off with a swarm; and that may save the swarm from going off. S. I. Freeborn said that the greatest advantage, and it is a big one, is that it saves lots of absconding swarms, especially in out apiaries, where they are not closely watched. It also is a great help in keeping swarms separated where several issue at the same time.

Premiums at Fairs.

The New York state fair at Syracuse Sept. 6-13 offers $25,000 premiums—$1,000 premiums in dairy department, $2,000 premiums in fruit department, $7,000 purses. For prize list and other information address James B. Docharty, secretary, Albany.

The New England fair, at Worcester, Mass., Sept. 3-7, offers $13,500 in premiums. John B. Bowker, secretary, Worcester, Mass.

The interstate fair, Trenton, Sept. 24-28, $30,000 in prizes. John Guild Muirheid, secretary, Trenton.

Notes of Local Interest.

Hay is harvested a little earlier than formerly.

In crossing for broilers the New England Homestead says that much depends on whether they are for table or for market. For the table always use a Game male; for market, Brahma or Cochin hens. Mate them later with a Wyandot, Plymouth Rock, White Wonder, Java or Langshan male, and you will have hardy chicks and lose but few of them. It may not be the best, but chicks from such crosses will grow fast, will be hardy and also present an attractive appearance in the market.

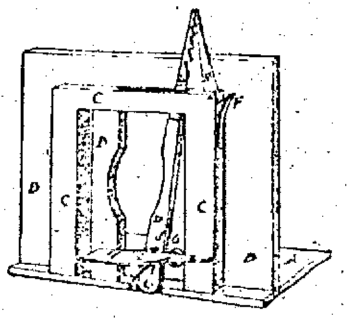
FARM AND GARDEN

EXPIRED PATENTS.

An Animal Trap and a Feeding Rack For Cattle Now Free to All.

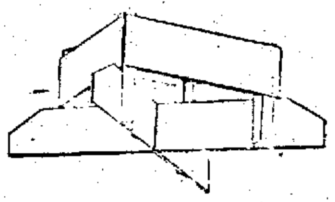
Numbered with patented devices which are now public property is an invention especially designed for catching and holding hogs as they issue from a pen, although applicable in other cases. The drawing explains the construction of the framework:

The lever D is thrown toward the opposite side of the opening by a spring, G. H is a treadle pivoted at b to the frame and is supported across the opening by a spring, I. It is provided with a stationary cam latch, c, the square end of which comes in front of a pin, d, on the lever, when the latter is drawn back to set and hold it, the operation of setting being facilitated by the spring I, which throws up the treadle. When it is desired to catch and hold firmly a hog for ringing his nose, castrating or killing him, the trap is set as shown. As he passes through the opening he naturally places a fore foot upon the treadle, which releases the lever D, which is thrown over against his neck by the spring G, compressing it against the opposite side of the opening, while the pawl E is thrown forward to engage with the ratchet by the spring F, and thus securely hold the animal. With slight modifications and adaptation to size this trap may be successfully employed to trap animals of all sizes, and if desired to kill them as caught metal spikes may be placed so as to project from the inner edge of the lever and the edge of the opening at the opposite side.



FOR CATCHING AND HOLDING HOGS.

Another expired patent is to be employed in feeding hay to cattle. The boards for the lower part of the box should be 4 feet long, nailed to upright posts in the corners. The posts, each 4 feet high, are beveled from or near their lower ends half way to their tops—that is, two feet high—making a box without bottom, of sides only, with the posts in the corners extending two feet above the top of the box. Then two boards 10 feet long are taken and crossed centrally by [illegible] and [illegible] together [illegible] perpendicularly. They are then placed [illegible] diagonally, or nearly so, from post to post above the side boards and bolted or bolted to these posts so that they will project beyond the corners of the box, forming guards at each corner, to protect the cattle from [illegible]. This invention is useful, simple, cheap and strong. [illegible] the diagonal interlocked boards [illegible] firmly, and at the same time it is light and portable. By its use a great convenience in feeding is secured, and it can be filled from either side without the labor of [illegible] the hay for the cattle and the consequent waste. The crossboards, besides being guards for the cattle, serve to keep the hay or other food from being blown or thrown out.



FEEDING RACK FOR CATTLE.

MAKES ITSELF FELT—the great, griping, old-fashioned pill. Not only when you take it, but unpleasant, from first to last, and it only does a little temporary good.

The things to take its place are Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets. One of these at a dose will *regulate* the whole system perfectly. They're tiny, sugar-coated granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds. They act in Nature's own way. No reaction afterward. Their help *lasts* and they do *permanent* good. Constipation, Indigestion, Bilious Attacks, Sick or Bilious Headaches, and all derangements of the liver, stomach, and bowels are prevented, relieved, and cured.

They're the cheapest, for they're *guaranteed* to give satisfaction or money is returned. Nothing can be "just as good."

Not one minute elapses between the taking of One Minute Cough Cure and relief. Why shouldn't people take One Minute Cough Cure? They should. They do. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

Begin the New Year aright and get our Insurance written by W. F. Specht.

It's just as easy to try One Minute Cough Cure as anything else. It's easier to cure a severe cold or cough with it. Let your next purchase for a cough be One Minute Cure. Better medicine; better results; better try it. Sold by A. B. Armstrong.

RHEUMATISM CURED IN A DAY.—"Mystic Cure" for Rheumatism and Neuralgia radically cures in 1 to 3 days. Its action upon the system is remarkable and mysterious. It removes at once the cause and the disease immediately disappears. The first dose greatly benefits. 75 cents. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve.

The best salve in the world for cuts, bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores and skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Frank R. Foster, Druggist.

English Spavin Liniment removes all hard, soft or calloused lumps and blemishes from horses, blood spavins, curbs, splints, sweeney, ring-bone stifles, all swollen throats, coughs, etc. Save $50 by use of one bottle. Warranted the most wonderful blemish cure ever known. Sold by A. B. Armstrong Druggist, Smethport Pa.

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MERCHANT -:- TAILOR,

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Keeps an assortment of English and French Goods on hand from which to select. Suits will be made up in the latest and most approved styles, and entire satisfaction guaranteed.

Boys' suits to order from $3.50 to $5 and up, including extra pair pants. Gents' fine Suits from $12 to $17 and up. Gents' fine Pants to order for $6.50 and up. Give me a call and select your goods and leave your measure.

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$3.50 POLICE, 3 SOLES.

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$2.$1.75 BOYS' SCHOOL SHOES.

LADIES'

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PATENTS

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TRAVELERS' GUIDE.

TIME TABLE

WESTERN NEW YORK PENNSYLVANIA

In effect Jul. 8, 1894

Trains leave Smethport for Larrabee, Eldred, Olean, Bradford, Rochester and Buffalo as follows:

BUFFALO EXPRESS.......[illegible] A. M.
BUFFALO MAIL.......[illegible] P. M.

Train leaving Smethport at 2:51 p. m. connects at Olean with River Division for Allegany, Salamanca, Oil City and Pittsburg.

For Clermont, Johnsonburg, and points south,

CLERMONT MAIL.......[illegible] A. M.
CLERMONT ACCOMMOD'N.......[illegible] P. M.
LOCAL.......7.40 P. M.

Clermont Mail connects through to Johnsonburgh.

Get Time Tables giving full information from

A. E. WORNER, Ticket Agent,
R. BELL, General Sup't,
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Buffalo, N. Y.

Bradford, Bordell and Kinzua R. R. Co.

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TIME TABLE IN EFFECT MAY [illegible], 1894.

WESTWARD.				EASTWARD.		
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	STATIONS.	a. m.	p. m.	p. m.
7 45	......	9 37	ar. Bradford. lv	7 20	......	2 00
7 05	......	8 57	Kinzua Junct'n	7 05	......	[illegible]
6 57	......	8 49	Aiken	8 [illegible]	......	[illegible]
6 4[illegible]	......	8 40	Davis	8 22	......	[illegible]
6 [illegible]	......	8 31	Simpson	8 31	......	[illegible]
6 2[illegible]	......	8 17	Ormsby	8 45	......	[illegible]
5 45	......	7 37	Smethport	9 1[illegible]	......	[illegible]
5 25	......	7 20	Mt. Jewett	9 30	......	[illegible]
5 10	......	6 30	Kane	10 1[illegible]	......	[illegible]
4 45	......	......	Carland	10 55		
4 34	......	......	Spring Creek	11 04		
4 1[illegible]	......	......	Sheffield J.	11 46		
4 02	......	......	Watson	11 51		
3 20	......	......	Mariensville	12 3[illegible]		
1 05	......	......	Clarion	2 00		
12 13	......	......	Foxburg	3 47		
11 40	......	......	Parker	4 1[illegible]		
11 10	......	......	Petrolia	4 35		
11 05	......	......	Karns	4 40		
10 00	......	......	Millerstown	4 55		
[illegible]	......	......	Butler	5 55		
9 15	......	......	Wildwood	7 00		
7 30	......	......	Allegheny	7 45		
a. m.				p. m.		

JNO. C. McKENNA, Superintendent.

Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh Railway

THE SHORT LINE

On and after June 17, 1894, passenger trains Between, Buffalo, Rochester, Salamanca, Bradford, Ridgway, DuBois, Punxsutawney and the Coal and Lumber Regions of Pennsylvania, will leave Bradford and Mt. Jewett daily except Sunday, as follows:

LEAVE BRADFORD—EAST BOUND.

7.45 a. m.—Buffalo & Rochester Express—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

2 15 p. m.—Mail—For Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden, Buffalo, Machias, Gainesville, Silver Springs, Warsaw, LeRoy and Rochester.

3.10 p. m.—Buffalo Express—Daily. For Limestone, Carrollton, Salamanca, Ellicottville, Springville, Colden and Buffalo,

LEAVE MT. JEWETT—SOUTH-BOUND.

8 02 a. m.—Accommodation—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

2.37 p. m.—Mail—For Johnsonburg, Ridgway, Brockwayville, DuBois and Punxsutawney.

Thousand Mile Tickets, good for passage between all stations, at two cents per mile.

Passengers are requested to purchase tickets before entering the cars. An excess charge of TEN CENTS will be collected by Conductors when fares are paid on trains, from all stations where a Ticket Office is maintained.

For time tables and full information call on or address any of the Company's agents, or

D. LONDERGAN, Agent Bradford Pa.
EDWARD C. LAPEY,
R. G. MATTHEWS, Gen'l Passenger Agent,
Gen'l Superintendent, Rochester, N. Y.
Buffalo, N. Y.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

PHILADELPHIA & ERIE DIVISION TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 19th 1893.

TRAINS LEAVE EMPORIUM JUNCTION EASTWARD.

6:25 a. m.—Train 8, daily except Sunday, for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia [illegible], New York [illegible] p. m., Baltimore [illegible], Washington [illegible] p. m. Pullman Parlor car from Williamsport, and passenger coaches from Kane to Philadelphia.

3:40 p. m.—Train 6, daily except Sunday, for Harrisburg and intermediate stations, arriving at Philadelphia 4:30 a. m., New York 7:33 a. m., Pullman sleeping cars from Harrisburg to Philadelphia and New York. Philadelphia passengers can remain in sleeper undisturbed until 7:00 a. m.

9:40 p. m.—Train 4, daily for Sunbury, Harrisburg and intermediate stations arriving at Philadelphia 6:50 a. m., New York 9:33 a. m., 10:35 a. m. Sundays. Baltimore 6:20 a. m. Washington 7:40 a. m. Pullman sleeping cars from Erie and Williamsport to Philadelphia and passenger cars from Erie to Philadelphia, and Williamsport to Baltimore. Passengers in sleeper for Baltimore and Washington will be transferred into Washington sleeper at Harrisburg.

WESTWARD.

5:10 a. m.—Train 1, daily except Sunday for Ridgway, DuBois Clermont and intermediate stations, leaves Ridgway 3:00 p. m. for Erie.

10:25 a. m.—Train 3, daily for Erie and intermediate stations.

7:00 p. m.—Train 11 daily except Sunday for Kane and intermediate stations.

THROUGH TRAINS for EMPORIUM JUNCTION FROM THE EAST AND SOUTH.

Train 1 leaves Renovo 6:35 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Jc. [illegible] a. m.

Train 11 leaves Philadelphia 8:50 a. m., Washington [illegible] a. m. 7:50, Baltimore 8:55 a. m., Wilkesbarre 10:15 a. m., daily except Sunday, arriving at Emporium Junction 7:05 p. m. with Pullman Parlor car from Philadelphia to Williamsport and passenger coaches to Kane.

Train 3, leaves New York 8:00 p. m., Philadelphia 11:20 p. m., Washington 10:40 p. m., Baltimore 11:50 p. m., daily arriving at Emporium Junc. 10:25 a. m., with Pullman Palace sleeping cars from Philadelphia to Erie and from Washington and Baltimore to Williamsport and passenger coaches from Philadelphia to Erie.

JOHNSONBURG RAILROAD.

Daily except Sunday.

NORTH	STATIONS.	SOUTH.
a. m. Lv.		Ar. a. m.
9 40	Ridgway	11 5[illegible]
9 55	Johnsonburg	11 [illegible]
10 10	Glen Hazel	11 [illegible]
10 19	Straight	11 [illegible]
10 24	Instanter	[illegible]
10 30	Smith's Run	[illegible]
10 37	Woodvale	[illegible]
10 45	Clermont	[illegible]

Connections are made with train 1, leaving Johnsonburg at 2:15 p. m. for Erie and intermediate points, arriving at Erie at [illegible] p. m., also at Ridgway with train 6, leaving Ridgway at 1:45 p. m. for Philadelphia, New York, Baltimore and Washington.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager. J. R. WOOD, Gen'l Passenger Agt.

COUDERSPORT & PORT ALLEGANY Railroad Time Table, takes effect Monday, Dec. 16, 1893.

AR.	EAST'W'D.		STATIONS.	LV.	WEST'W'D.	
A. M.	P M	P. M.		A. M.	P. M.	P. M.
10.58	8 02	1.00	Coudersport	8.30	1.30	[illegible]
10.56	8.01	12.58	Pine Creek Jc	8.32	1.32	[illegible]
10.55	7.56	12.56	Hammond	8.34	1.34	[illegible]
10.50	7.26	12.51	Fish Basket	8.38	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.47	7.54	12.50	Olmsted	8.40	1.42	[illegible]
10.41	7.50	12.43	Mina	8.44	1.47	[illegible]
10.32	7.41	12.38	Knowlton	8.50	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.27	7.40	12.33	Roulette	8.55	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.14	7.32	12.23	Burtville	9.04	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.06	7.25	12.16	Coleman	9.21	[illegible]	[illegible]
10.00	7.20	12.11	Port Allegany	9.15	[illegible]	[illegible]

PINE CREEK DIVISION.

1.08 p m	6 15 a m	Coudersport	a m 7.10	p m [illegible]
1.11	6.18	Pine Creek Junction	7.07	[illegible]
1.17	6.24	Fair Grounds	7.02	[illegible]
1.20	6.27	Ladona	6.59	[illegible]
1.28	6.35	Sweden Valley	6.50	[illegible]

Trains run on eastern standard time.

B. A. McCLURE, Sup't.

BUFFALO & SUSQUEHANNA R. R.

TIME TABLE.

Took effect Monday, July 16th, 1894.

5	3	1	STATIONS.	2	4
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Ar. Dp.	a. m.	p. m.
[illegible]	2:15	9:[illegible]	Keating	9:42	[illegible]
7:16	1:50	8:40	Cowley Junc.	9:55	[illegible]
[illegible]	1:25	8:13	Austin	10:00	[illegible]
6:01	......	8:00	Costello	10:30	[illegible]
5:44	......	7:40	Wharton	10:46	[illegible]
5:32	......	7:33	Brooks	10:55	[illegible]
5:22	......	7:10	Hud	11:30	[illegible]
4:30	......	6:30	Cross Fork Jc	12:20	[illegible]
3:2[illegible]	......	5:50	Germania	1:25	[illegible]
3:0[illegible]	......	5:30	Galeton	1:40	[illegible]
p. m.	p. m.	a. m.	Dp. Ar.	p. m.	p. m.
	p. m.	a. m.	Cross Fork Br.	p. m.	p. m.
	4:30	6:40	ar Cr F'k Jc dp	12:25	[illegible]
	3:20	5:40	dp Cross F'k av	1:25	[illegible]

H. Hutchinson, Train Master. C. W. Goodyear, Gen'l Manager.

$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

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